

# RGH072-120

## Single Package Rooftop Gas Heat/Electric Cooling Unit with (R-410A) Refrigerant

# Installation Instructions

**RGH units for installation in the United States contain use of the 2-Speed Indoor Fan Motor Control System. This complies with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) efficiency standard of 2018.**

**RGH units for installation outside the United States may or may not contain use of the 2-Speed Indoor Fan Motor Control System as they are not required to comply with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) efficiency standard of 2018.**

**For specific details on operation of the 2-Speed Indoor Fan Motor Control System, refer to the Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Factory-Installed Option 2-Speed Motor Control Installation, Setup, and Troubleshooting manual.**

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### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment.

Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and filters and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes, including ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Z223.1. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguisher available for all brazing operations.

It is important to recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices, which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

### WARNING

If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

### AVERTISSEMENT

#### RISQUE D'INCENDIE OU D'EXPLOSION

Si les consignes de sécurité ne sont pas suivies à la lettre, cela peut entraîner la mort, de graves blessures ou des dommages matériels.

Ne pas entreposer ni utiliser d'essence ni autres vapeurs ou liquides inflammables à proximité de cet appareil ou de tout autre appareil.

#### QUE FAIRE SI UNE ODEUR DE GAZ EST DÉTECTÉE

- Ne mettre en marche aucun appareil.
- Ne toucher aucun interrupteur électrique; ne pas utiliser de téléphone dans le bâtiment.
- Quitter le bâtiment immédiatement.
- Appeler immédiatement le fournisseur de gaz en utilisant le téléphone d'un voisin. Suivre les instructions du fournisseur de gaz.
- Si le fournisseur de gaz n'est pas accessible, appeler le service d'incendie.

L'installation et l'entretien doivent être effectués par un installateur ou une entreprise d'entretien qualifié, ou le fournisseur de gaz.

### WARNING

#### CARBON-MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow instructions could result in severe personal injury or death due to carbon-monoxide poisoning, if combustion products infiltrate into the building.

Check that all openings in the outside wall around the vent (and air intake) pipe(s) are sealed to prevent infiltration of combustion products into the building.

Check that furnace vent (and air intake) terminal(s) are not obstructed in any way during all seasons.

### AVERTISSEMENT

#### RISQUE D'INTOXICATION AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE

Si ces directives ne sont pas suivies, cela peut entraîner des blessures graves ou une intoxication au monoxyde de carbone pouvant causer la mort, si des produits de combustion s'infiltrent dans le bâtiment.

Vérifier que toutes les ouvertures pratiquées dans le mur extérieur autour du ou des tuyaux d'évent (et de la prise d'air) sont scellées de manière à empêcher l'infiltration de produits de combustion dans le bâtiment.

Veiller à ce que la ou les sorties de l'évent de l'appareil de chauffage (et la prise d'air) ne soient, en aucune façon, obstruées, quelle que soit la saison.

### WARNING

#### FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in death, serious personal injury and/or property damage.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when pressure testing at pressure greater than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressures greater than 0.5 psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 0.5 psig, it must be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 0.5 psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by closing the manual gas valve(s).

### CAUTION

Ensure clearances are in accordance with local installation codes, the requirements of the gas supplier and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

### ATTENTION

Assurez-vous que les dégagements sont conformes aux codes d'installation locaux, aux exigences du fournisseur de gaz et aux instructions d'installation du fabricant.

### WARNING

Electrical shock can cause personal injury and death. Shut off all power to this equipment during installation. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Tag all disconnect locations to alert others not to restore power until work is completed.

**⚠ WARNING**

**UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

R-410A refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on R-410A refrigerant equipment.

**⚠ WARNING**

**PERSONAL INJURY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal.

Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerants and oils.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

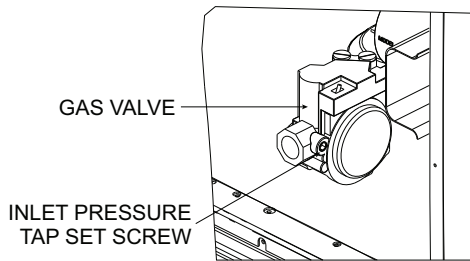
Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing air conditioning equipment.

**⚠ WARNING**

**FIRE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Inlet pressure tap set screw must be tightened and 1/8-in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.

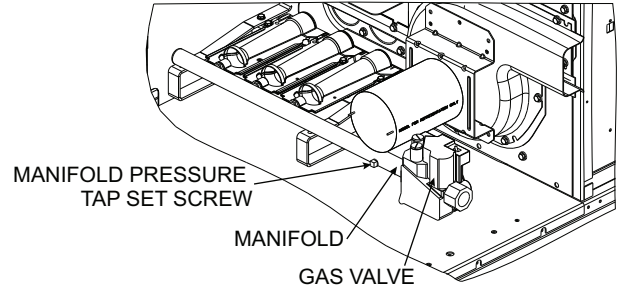


**⚠ WARNING**

**FIRE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could result in severe personal injury and/or property damage.

Manifold pressure tap set screw must be tightened and 1/8-in. NPT pipe plug must be installed to prevent gas leaks.



**MODEL NUMBER NOMENCLATURE AND DIMENSIONS**

See Fig. 1 for RGH model number nomenclature. See Fig. 2 and 3 for unit dimensional drawings. Figure 4 shows service clearance dimensions.

**Rated Indoor Airflow**

Table 1 lists the rated indoor airflow used for the AHRI efficiency rating for the units covered in this document.

**Table 1 — Rated Indoor Airflow**

MODEL NUMBER	RATED INDOOR AIRFLOW (CFM)
RGH072	2400
RGH073	2400
RGH090	3000
RGH102	3000
RGH110	3000
RGH120	3000

**Pre-Installation**

Complete the following checks before installation.

1. Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.

Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

MODEL SERIES	R	G	H	0	9	0	H	D	A	A	0	A	A	A
Position Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
R = Rooftop														
G = Gas/Electric Type														
H = High Efficiency Efficiency														
072 = 72,000 = 6 tons (One Compressor, Single Stage Cooling)														
073 = 73,000 = 6 tons (One Compressor, Two-Stage Cooling)														
090 = 90,000 = 7.5 tons (Two Compressors)														
102 = 102,000 = 8.5 tons (Two Compressors)														
110 = 110,000 = 10 tons (Two Compressors) 12 EER														
120 = 120,000 = 10 tons (Two Compressors) 11.7 EER														
Nominal Cooling Capacity														
H= 208/230-3-60														
L = 460-3-60														
S = 575-3-60														
Voltage														
D = Low Heat														
E = Medium Heat														
F = High Heat														
S = Low Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger														
R = Medium Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger														
T = High Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger														
Heating Capacity *														
A = Standard Static Motor														
B = High Static Motor														
C = Medium Static Motor														
Motor Options														
A = None														
B = Economizer w/ Barometric Relief, OA Temp Sensor														
E = Economizer w/ Barometric Relief + CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor, OA Temp Sensor														
H = Economizer w/ Barometric Relief, Enthalpy Sensor														
L = Economizer w/ Barometric Relief + CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor, Enthalpy Sensor														
P = 2-Position Damper w/ Barometric Relief														
U = Temperature Ultra Low Leak Economizer w/ Barometric Relief														
W = Enthalpy Ultra Low Leak Economizer w/ Barometric Relief														
Outdoor Air Options / Control														
0A = No Options														
Factory-Installed Options*														
A = Aluminum / Copper Condenser and Evaporator Coils														
B = Pre-Coat Aluminum / Copper Condenser and Aluminum / Copper Evaporator Coils														
C = E-Coat Aluminum / Copper Condenser and Aluminum / Copper Evaporator Coils														
D = E-Coat Aluminum / Copper Condenser and E-Coat Aluminum / Copper Evaporator Coils														
E = Copper / Copper Condenser and Aluminum / Copper Evaporator Coils														
F = Copper / Copper Condenser and Copper / Copper Evaporator Coils														
Condenser / Evaporator Coil Configuration														
A = Standard Single Speed Indoor Fan Motor. For W7212 Controls														
T = Two Speed Indoor Fan Motor with Variable Frequency Drive (VFD)(for 2-stage units only)														
Indoor Fan Motor Speed														

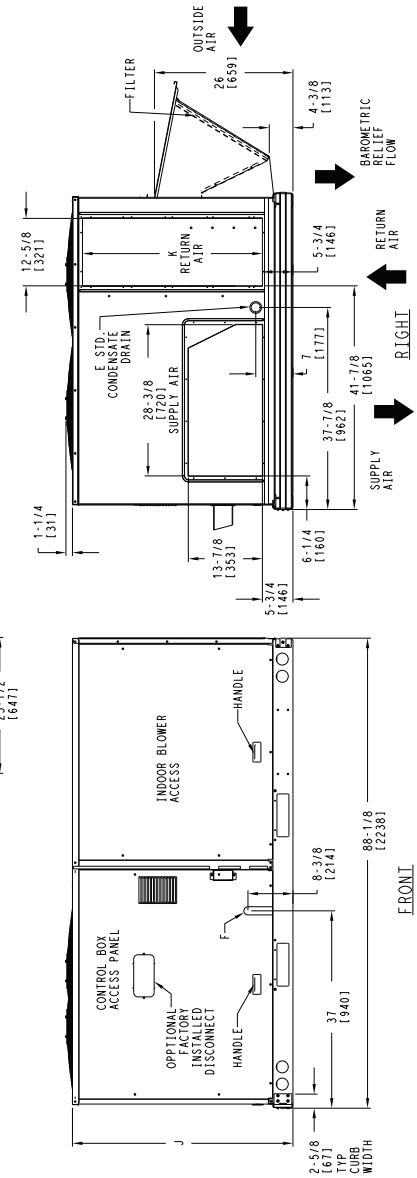
\* See RGH 3 to 12.5 ton Product Specification for details.

**Fig. 1 — RGH 072-120 Model Number Nomenclature (Example)**

CONNECTION SIZES	
A	1 3/8" [351] DIA. FIELD POWER SUPPLY HOLE
B	2 1/2" [644] DIA. POWER SUPPLY KNOCKOUT
C	1 3/4" [511] DIA. GAUGE ACCESS PLUG
D	7/8" [221] DIA. FIELD CONTROL WIRING HOLE
E	3/4" - 14 NPT CONDENSATE DRAIN
F	1/2" - 14 NPT GAS CONNECTION 3/4" - 14 NPT GAS CONNECTION
G	2" [511] DIA. POWER SUPPLY KNOCK-OUT

THRU-THE-BASE CHART (FIELD INST)	
THESE HOLES REQUIRED FOR USE WITH ACCY KITTS: W CRBIMPR002A01: 090, 102 GAS THRU BASE PAN X CRBIMPR003A01: 072 - GAS THRU BASE PAN Y CRBIMPR004A01: 090, 102 - GAS THRU BASE PAN Z CRBIMPR004A01: 090, 102 - GAS THRU BASE PAN	
THREADED CONDUIT SIZE	WIRE USE SIZES (MAX.)
W 1/2"	ACC. 7/8" [22.2]
X 1/2"	POWER 1 1/8" [28.6]
Y 3/4"	POWER 1 3/4" [44.4]
Z 1 1/4"	POWER 2 1/4" [60.3]
Z *	POWER 3 1/2" [89.1]
Z **	POWER 4 1/2" [114.3]
Z ***	POWER 5 1/2" [139.7]
* (093 & 092) PROVIDES 3/4" FPT THRU CURB FLANGE & FITTINGS. HOLE SIZE: 2" [50.8]	

FOR THRU-THE-BASE PAN - FACTORY OPTION FITTINGS FOR ONLY X, Y, & Z ARE PROVIDED. \*\* FOR BELOW LISTED MODELS. \*\* FIELD OPTION FITTINGS BETWEEN BASE PAN FITTING AND GAS VALVE: RGH072 - 72K & 125K BTU RGH090, 102 - 125K BTU



UNIT	J	K	H
RGH072, 073	41 1/4 [1048]	33 3/4 [857]	15 7/8 [403]
RGH090	49 3/8 [1253]	36 3/8 [925]	15 7/8 [403]
RGH102	49 3/8 [1253]	36 3/8 [925]	15 7/8 [403]

- NOTES:  
 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES. DIMENSIONS IN [ ] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.  
 2. CENTER OF GRAVITY  
 3. DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

**Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 072-102**

UNIT	STD. UNIT WEIGHT *		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C. G.								
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z						
RGH 072, 073	765	347	165.3	75	152.7	69.3	214.7	97.4	232.3	105.4	42	37.8	1076	34	37.4	1882.6	19	77/8	505
RGH 090	925	419.5	204.1	92.6	190.9	86.6	256.1	116.2	273.9	124.2	42	37.8	1082	34	17/8	1867	22	7/8	581
RGH 102	925	419.5	204.1	92.6	190.9	86.6	256.1	116.2	273.9	124.2	42	37.8	1082	34	17/8	1867	22	7/8	581

\* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING. FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

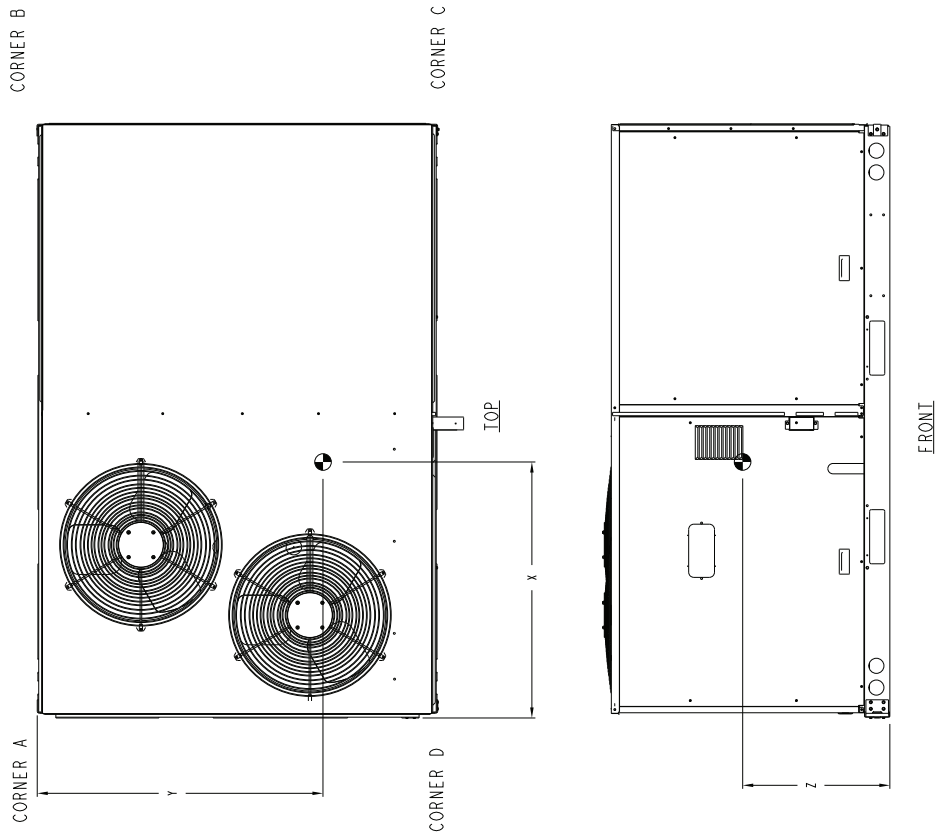
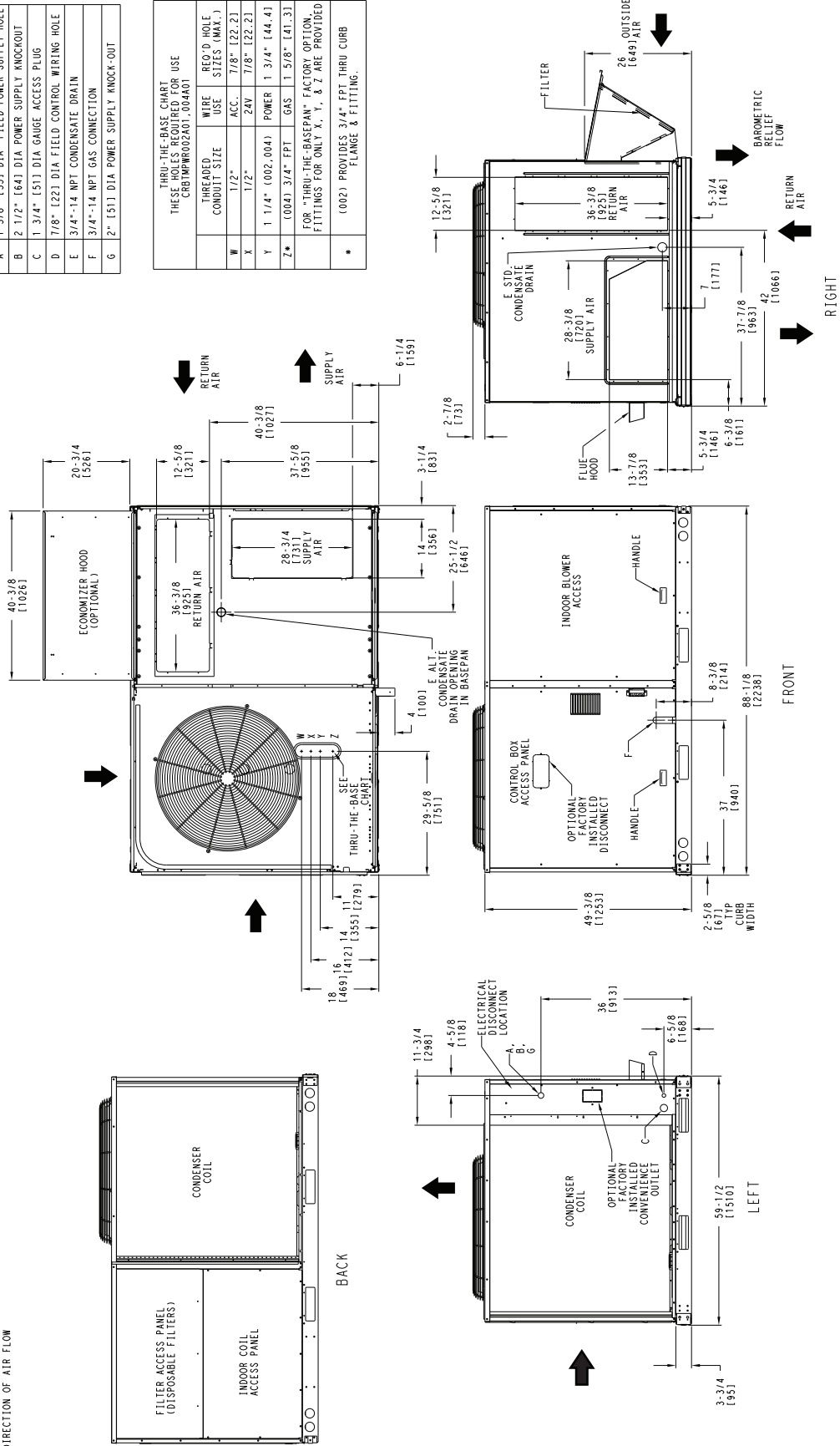


Fig. 2 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 072-102 (cont)

NOTES:  
 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES, DIMENSIONS IN [ ] ARE IN MILLIMETERS.  
 2. CENTER OF GRAVITY  
 3. DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW

CONNECTION SIZES	
A	1 3/8" [35] DIA. FIELD POWER SUPPLY HOLE
B	2 1/2" [64] DIA. POWER SUPPLY KNOCKOUT
C	1 3/4" [51] DIA. GAUGE ACCESS PLUG
D	7/8" [22] DIA. FIELD CONTROL WIRING HOLE
E	3/4" x 1/4" NPT CONDENSATE DRAIN
F	3/4" x 1/4" NPT GAS CONNECTION
G	2" [51] DIA. POWER SUPPLY KNOCK-OUT

THRU-THE-BASE CHART THESE HOLES REQUIRED FOR USE CROSS REFERENCE 002A01, 004A01	
THREADED CONDUIT SIZE	WIRE USE SIZES (MAX.)
W	1/2" ACC. 7/8" [22.2]
X	1/2" 2# 7/8" [22.2]
Y	1 1/4" (002, 004) POWER 1 3/4" [44.4]
Z*	(004) 3/4" FPT GAS 1 5/8" [41.3]
	(002) PROVIDES 3/4" FPT THRU CURB FLANGE & FITTING.



**Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 110 and 120**

UNIT	STD. UNIT WEIGHT		CORNER WEIGHT (A)		CORNER WEIGHT (B)		CORNER WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.G.		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	X	Y	Z
RGH 110	1090	495	311	142	162	74	211	96	184	84	30 1/8 [766]	33 5/8 [855]	20 3/4 [526]
RGH 120	1090	495	311	142	162	74	211	96	184	84	30 1/8 [766]	33 5/8 [855]	20 3/4 [526]

\* STANDARD UNIT WEIGHT IS WITH LOW GAS HEAT AND WITHOUT PACKAGING.  
 FOR OTHER OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES, REFER TO THE PRODUCT DATA CATALOG.

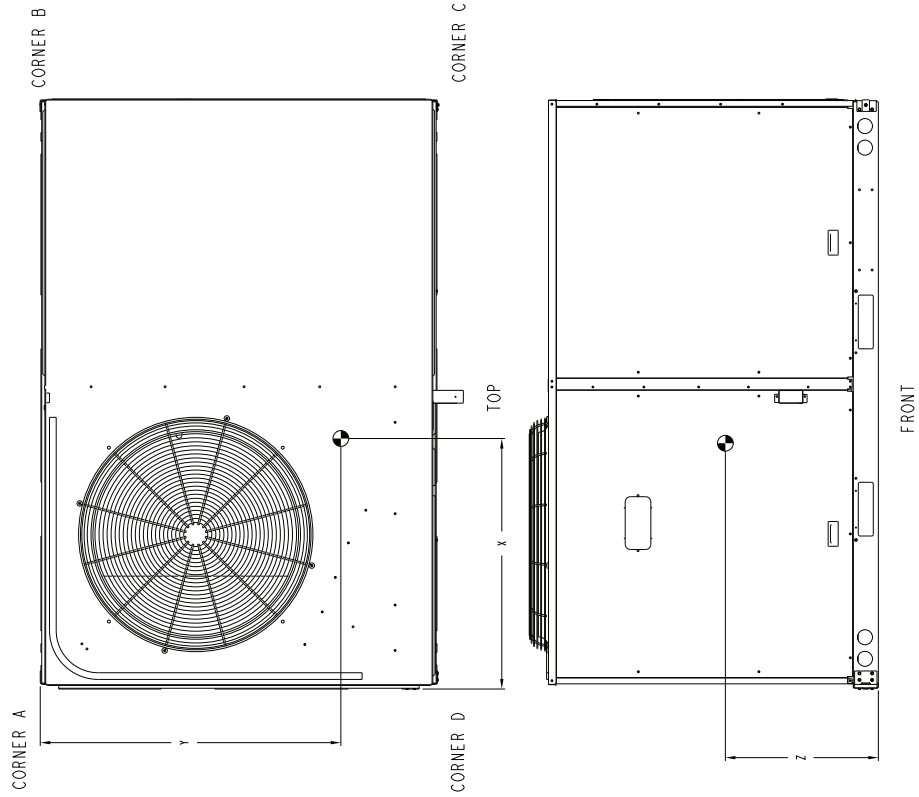
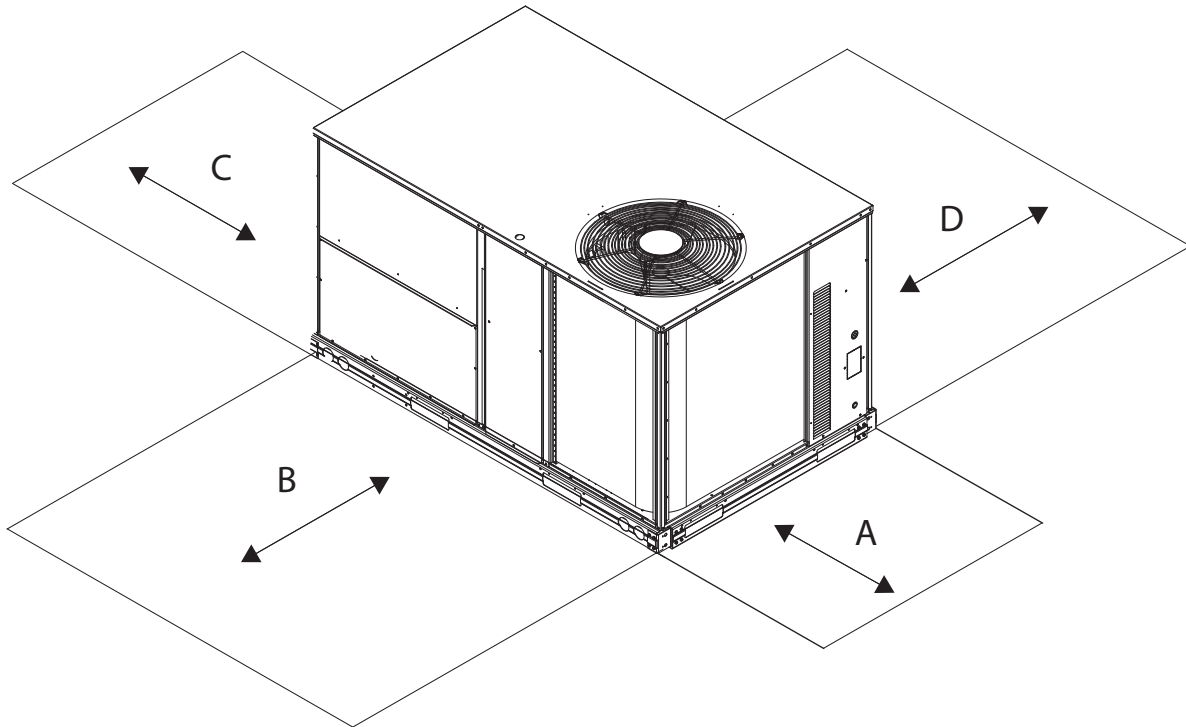


Fig. 3 — Unit Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 110 and 120 (cont)





LOCATION	DIMENSION	CONDITION
A	48-in. (1219 mm) 18-in. (457 mm) 18-in. (457 mm) 12-in. (305 mm)	Unit disconnect is mounted on panel No disconnect, convenience outlet option Recommended service clearance Minimum clearance
B	42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check sources of flue products within 10 ft (3 m) of unit fresh air intake hood
C	36-in. (914 mm) 18-in. (457 mm)	Side condensate drain is used Minimum clearance
D	48-in. (1219 mm) 42-in. (1067 mm) 36-in. (914 mm) Special	No flue discharge accessory installed, surface is combustible material Surface behind servicer is grounded (e.g., metal, masonry wall, another unit) Surface behind servicer is electrically non-conductive (e.g., wood, fiberglass) Check for adjacent units or building fresh air intakes within 10 ft (3 m) of this unit's flue outlet

NOTE: Unit not designed to have overhead obstruction. Contact Application Engineering for guidance on any application planning overhead obstruction or for vertical clearances.

**Fig. 4 — Service Clearance Dimensional Drawing — Sizes 072-120**

## INSTALLATION

Installation of this unit at altitudes above 2000 ft (610 m) shall be made in accordance with the Listed High Altitude Conversion Kit available with this furnace.

L'installation de ce générateur de chaleur à des altitudes supérieures à 2000 pi (610 m) doit être effectuée conformément aux instructions accompagnant la trousse de conversion pour haute altitude fournie avec cet appareil.

### Jobsite Survey

Complete the following checks before installation.

1. Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.
3. Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

### Step 1 — Plan for Unit Location

Select a location for the unit and its support system (curb or other) that provides for the minimum clearances required for safety. This includes the clearance to combustible surfaces,

unit performance and service access below, around and above unit as specified in unit drawings. See Fig. 4.

NOTE: Consider also the effect of adjacent units.

Be sure that the unit is installed such that snow will not block the combustion intake or flue outlet.

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on Class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents or other sources of contaminated air. For proper unit operation, adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided in accordance with Section 5.3 (Air for Combustion and Ventilation) of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (American National Standards Institute) and NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 54 TIA-54-84-1. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN1-B149 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

Although unit is weatherproof, avoid locations that permit water from higher level runoff and overhangs to fall onto the unit.

Locate mechanical draft system flue assembly at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from any opening through which combustion products could enter the building, and at least 4 ft (1.2 m) from

any adjacent building (or per local code). Locate the flue assembly at least 10 ft (3.05 m) from an adjacent unit's fresh air intake hood if within 3 ft (0.91 m) of same elevation (or per local code). When unit is located adjacent to public walkways, flue assembly must be at least 7 ft (2.1 m) above grade.

Select a unit mounting system that provides adequate height to allow installation of condensate trap per requirements. Refer to Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line for required trap dimensions.

#### ROOF MOUNT

Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 2.

### Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installation

The support method used for this unit will dictate different sequences for the steps of unit installation. For example, on curb-mounted units, some accessories must be installed on the unit before the unit is placed on the curb. Review the following for recommended sequences for installation steps.

#### CURB-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

1. Install curb
2. Install field-fabricated ductwork inside curb
3. Install accessory thru-base service connection package (affects curb and unit) (refer to accessory installation instructions for details)
4. Prepare bottom condensate drain connection to suit planned condensate line routing (refer to Step 10 for details)
5. Rig and place unit
6. Install outdoor air hood
7. Install flue hood
8. Install gas piping
9. Install condensate line trap and piping
10. Make electrical connections
11. Install other accessories

#### PAD-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

1. Prepare pad and unit supports
2. Check and tighten the bottom condensate drain connection plug

3. Rig and place unit
4. Convert unit to side duct connection arrangement
5. Install field-fabricated ductwork at unit duct openings
6. Install outdoor air hood
7. Install flue hood
8. Install gas piping
9. Install condensate line trap and piping
10. Make electrical connections
11. Install other accessories

#### FRAME-MOUNTED INSTALLATION

Frame-mounted applications generally follow the sequence for a curb installation. Adapt as required to suit specific installation plan.

### Step 3 — Inspect Unit

Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency.

Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

On units with hinged panel option, check to be sure all latches are snug and in closed position.

Locate the carton containing the outside air hood parts; see Fig. 12. Do not remove carton until unit has been rigged and located in final position.

### Step 4 — Provide Unit Support

#### ROOF CURB MOUNT

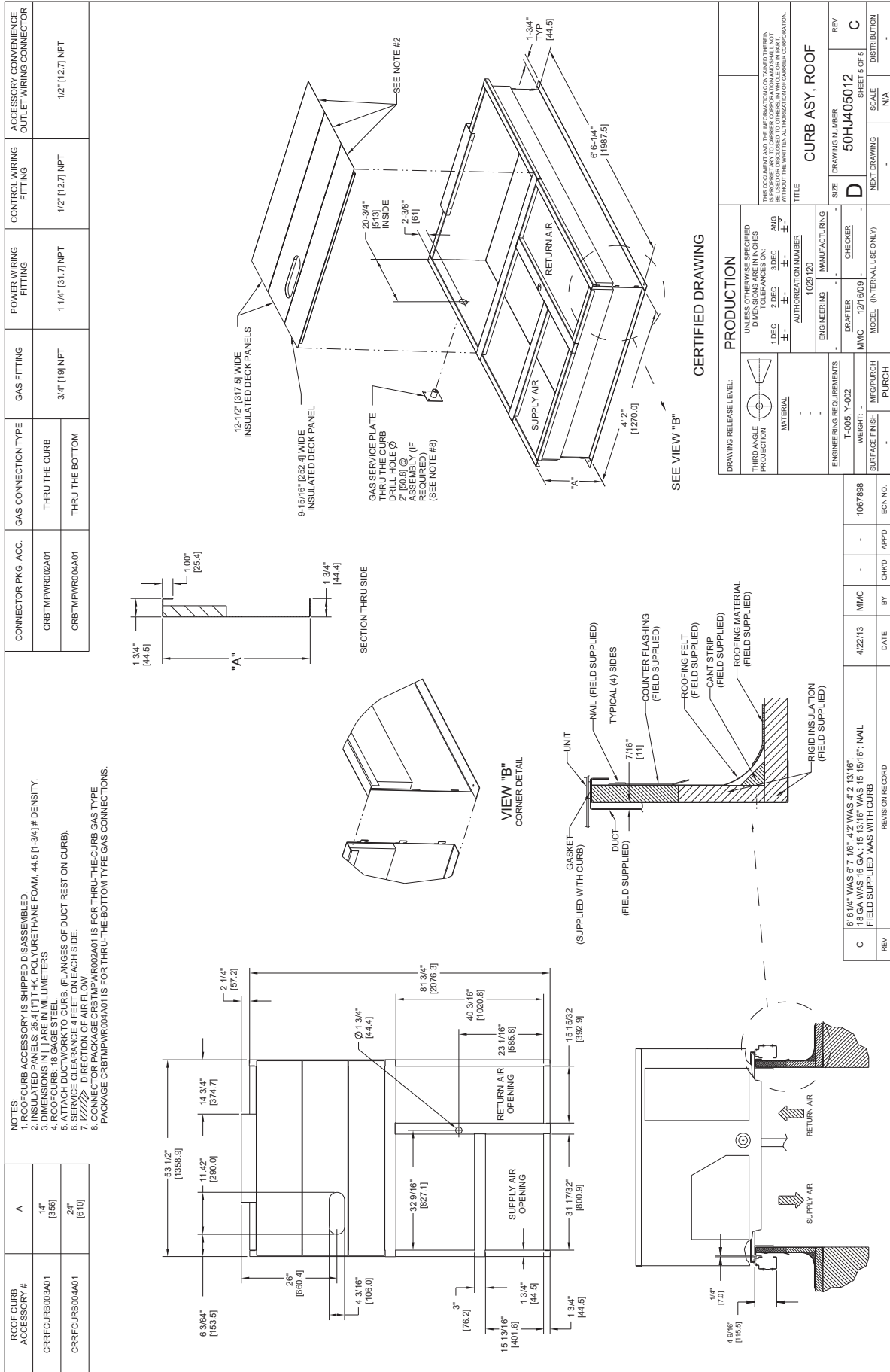
Accessory roof curb details and dimensions are shown in Fig. 5. Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with the curb.

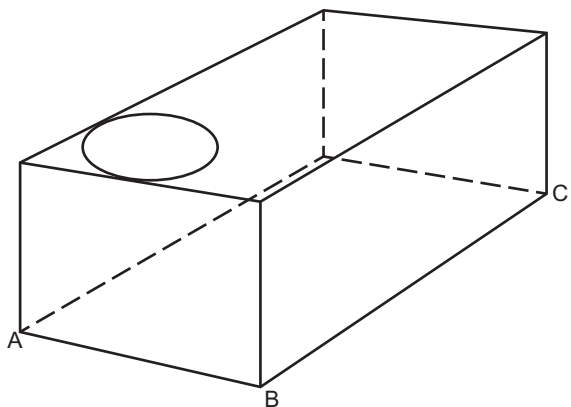
NOTE: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 5. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Curb should be level. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerances are shown in Fig. 6. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.

**Table 2 — Operating Weights**

RGH	UNITS LB (KG)			
	072/073	090	102	110/120
<b>Base Unit</b>	765 (347)	925 (419.5)	925 (419.5)	1090 (495)
<b>Economizer</b>				
<b>Vertical</b>	75 (34)	75 (34)	75 (34)	75 (34)
<b>Horizontal</b>	122 (55)	122 (55)	122 (55)	122 (55)
<b>Powered Outlet</b>	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)	35 (16)
<b>Hot Gas Re-Heat System</b>	80 (36)	80 (36)	80 (36)	85 (39)
<b>Curb</b>				
<b>14-in./356 mm</b>	143 (65)	143 (65)	143 (65)	143 (65)
<b>24-in./610 mm</b>	245 (111)	245 (111)	245 (111)	245 (111)





**MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DIFFERENCE IN. (MM)**

A-B	B-C	A-C
0.5" (13)	1.0" (25)	1.0" (25)

**Fig. 6 — Unit Leveling Tolerances**

Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit. The accessory thru-the-base power and gas connection package must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb. If field-installed thru-the-roof curb gas connections are desired, use factory-supplied pipe coupling and gas plate assembly to mount the thru-the-roof curb connection to the roof curb. Gas connections and power connections to the unit must be field-installed after the unit is installed on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, attach the accessory thru-the-base service connections to the basepan in accordance with the accessory installation instructions.

**SLAB MOUNT (HORIZONTAL UNITS ONLY)**

Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6-in. (150 mm) beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

**ALTERNATE UNIT SUPPORT (IN LIEU OF CURB OR SLAB MOUNT)**

A non-combustible sleeper rail can be used in the unit curb support area. If sleeper rails cannot be used, support the long sides of the unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. (102 mm x 102 mm) pads on each side.

**Step 5 — Field Fabricate Ductwork**

Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.35 in. wg (87 Pa) with economizer or 0.45 in. wg (112 Pa) without economizer.

For vertical ducted applications, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. Do not connect ductwork to unit.

Fabricate supply ductwork so that the cross sectional dimensions are equal to or greater than the unit supply duct opening dimensions for the first 18-in. (458 mm) of duct length from the unit basepan.

Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

A minimum clearance is not required around ductwork.

<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>
<b>PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD</b>
Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to roofing materials.
Membrane roofs can be cut by sharp sheet metal edges. Be careful when placing any sheet metal parts on such roof.

**Step 6 — Rig and Place Unit**

Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are required. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 2 and Fig. 7 for additional information.

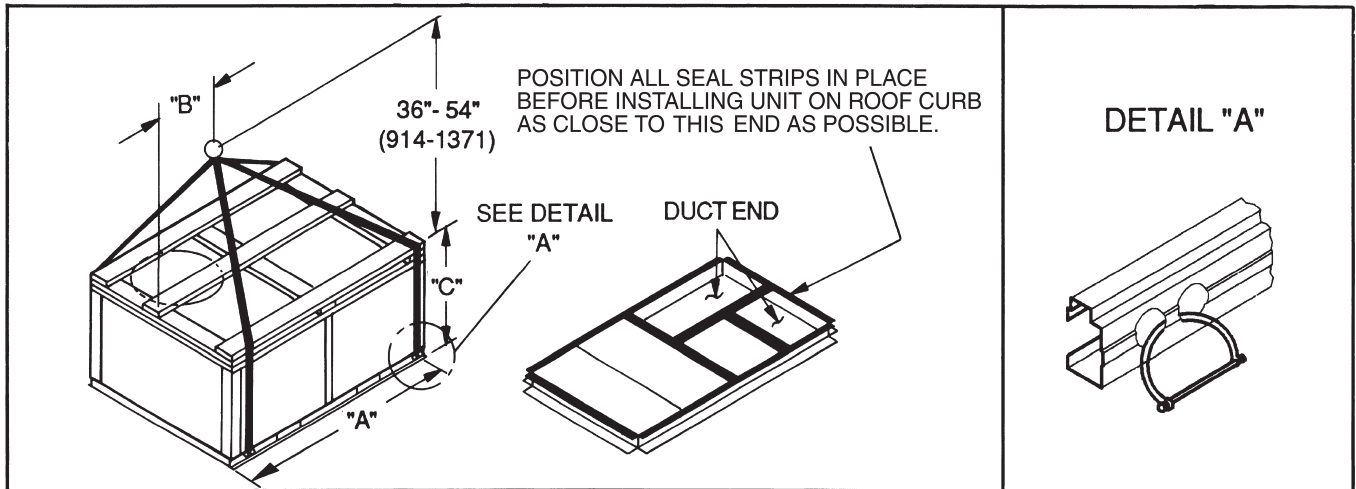
Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 7. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

Rigging materials under unit (cardboard to prevent base pan damage) must be removed PRIOR to placing the unit on the roof curb.

When using the standard side drain connection, ensure the red plug in the alternate bottom connection is tight. Do this before setting the unit in place. The red drain pan can be tightened with a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension. For further details, see "Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line" on page 18.

Before setting the unit onto the curb, recheck gasketing on curb.

<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>
<b>UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD</b>
Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.
All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck when packaging is removed.
If using top crate as spreader bar, once unit is set, carefully lower wooden crate off building roof top to ground. Ensure that no people or obstructions are below prior to lowering the crate.



UNIT	MAX WEIGHT		DIMENSIONS					
			A		B		C	
	lb	kg	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm
RGH072/073	1200	545	88.0	2235	44.0	1120	41.5	1055
RGH090	1420	645	88.0	2235	44.0	1120	49.5	1255
RGH102	1420	645	88.0	2235	44.0	1120	49.5	1255
RGH110/120	1665	757	88.0	2235	32.0	815	49.5	1255

**NOTES:**

1. SPREADER BARS REQUIRED — Top damage will occur if spreader bars are not used.
2. Dimensions in ( ) are in millimeters.
3. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

**Fig. 7 — Rigging Details**

**POSITIONING ON CURB**

Position unit on roof curb so that the following clearances are maintained: 1/4-in. (6.4 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the front and back, 0.0-in. clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the duct end of the unit. This will result in the distance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the condenser end of the unit being approximately 3<sup>5</sup>/<sub>16</sub>-in. (8 mm).

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

properly seal. The notches are covered by the tape used to secure the insulation to the basepan and are not easily seen. See Fig. 9 for position of the notches in the basepan. Seals around duct openings must be tight. Secure with screws as shown in Fig. 10. Cover seams with foil duct tape.

Field-supplied flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof or building openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Do not cover or obscure visibility to the unit's informative data plate when insulating horizontal ductwork.

**CAUTION**

**UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD**

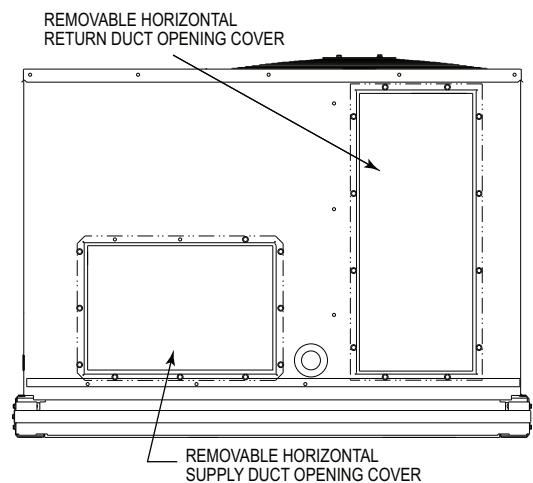
Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck when packaging is removed.

If using top crate as spreader bar, once unit is set, carefully lower wooden crate off building roof top to ground. Ensure that no people or obstructions are below prior to lowering the crate.

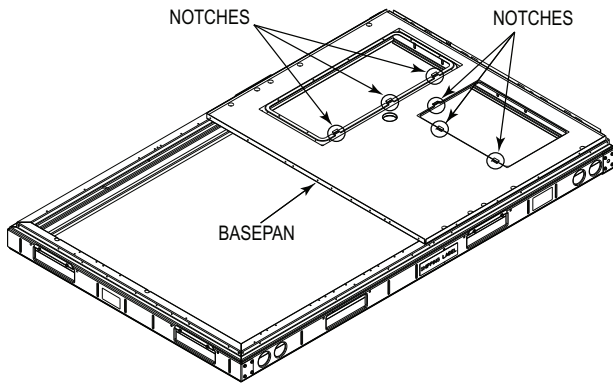
**Step 7 — Convert to Horizontal and Connect Ductwork (when required)**

Unit is shipped in the vertical duct configuration. Unit without factory-installed economizer or return-air smoke detector option may be field-converted to horizontal ducted configuration. To convert to horizontal configuration, remove screws from side duct opening covers (see Fig. 8) and remove covers. Use the screws to install the covers on vertical duct openings with the insulation-side down. The panels must be inserted into the notches on the basepan to

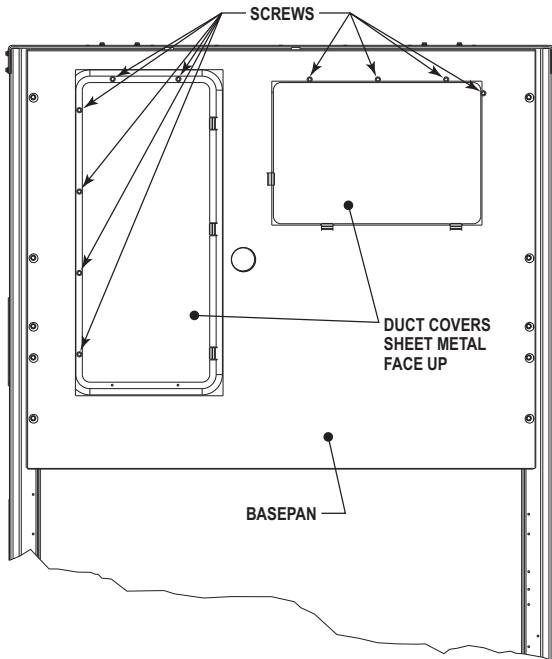


**Fig. 8 — Horizontal Conversion Panels**





**Fig. 9 — Location of Notches**



**Fig. 10 — Horizontal Duct Panels In Place**

**Step 8 — Install Outside Air Hood**

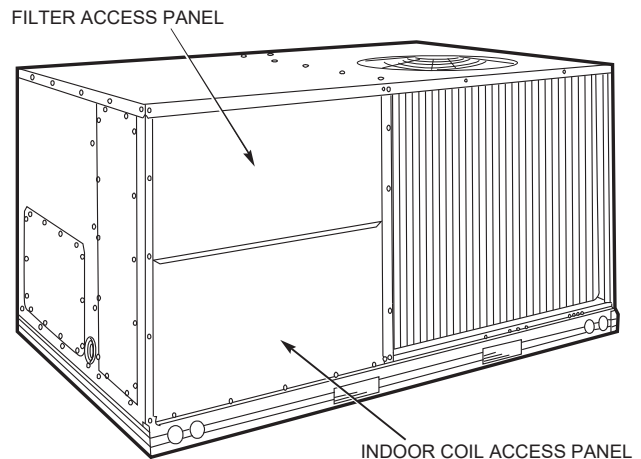
**ECONOMIZER AND TWO-POSITION DAMPER HOOD PACKAGE REMOVAL AND SETUP — FACTORY OPTION**

1. The hood is shipped in knock-down form and must be field assembled. The indoor coil access panel is used as the hood top while the hood sides, divider and filter are packaged together, attached to a metal support tray using plastic stretch wrap, and shipped in the return air compartment behind the indoor coil access panel. The hood assembly's metal tray is attached to the basepan and also attached to the damper using two plastic tie-wraps.
2. To gain access to the hood, remove the filter access panel. (See Fig. 11.)
3. Locate the (2) screws holding the metal tray to the basepan and remove. Locate and cut the (2) plastic tie-wraps securing the assembly to the damper. (See Fig. 12.) Be careful to not damage any wiring or cut tie-wraps securing any wiring.
4. Carefully lift the hood assembly (with metal tray) through the filter access opening and assemble per the steps outlined in Economizer Hood and Two-Position Hood.

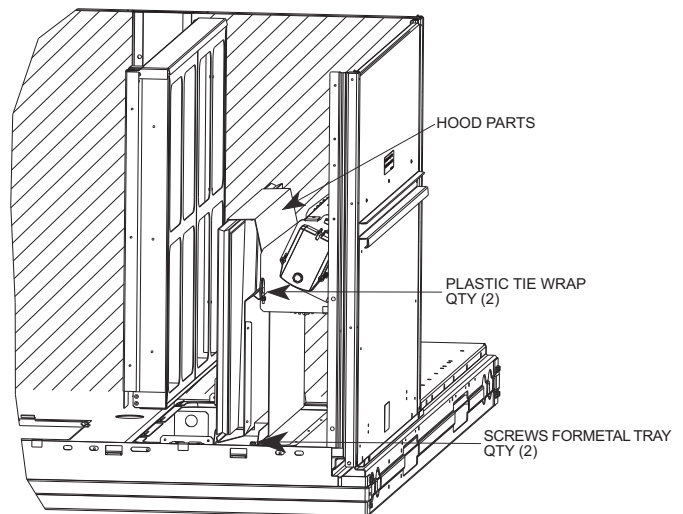
**ECONOMIZER HOOD AND TWO-POSITION HOOD ASSEMBLY**

**NOTE:** If the power exhaust accessory is to be installed on the unit, the hood shipped with the unit will not be used and must be discarded. Save the aluminum filter for use in the power exhaust hood assembly.

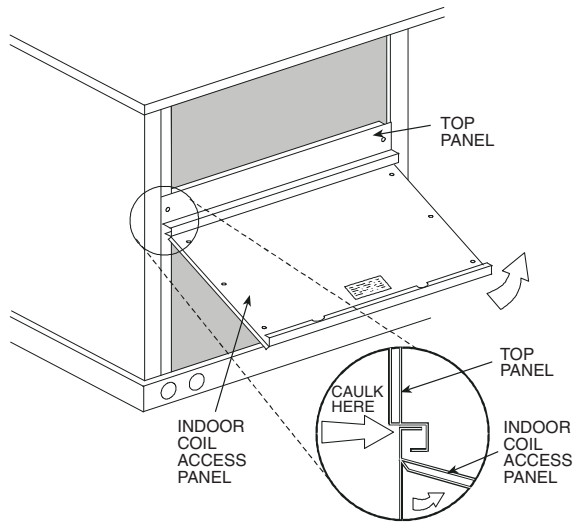
1. The indoor coil access panel will be used as the top of the hood. Remove the screws along the sides and bottom of the indoor coil access panel. See Fig. 13.
2. Swing out indoor coil access panel and insert the hood sides under the panel (hood top). Use the screws provided to attach the hood sides to the hood top. Use screws provided to attach the hood sides to the unit. See Fig. 14.
3. Remove the shipping tape holding the economizer barometric relief damper in place (economizer only).
4. Insert the hood divider between the hood sides. See Fig. 14 and 15. Secure hood divider with 2 screws on each hood side. The hood divider is also used as the bottom filter rack for the aluminum filter.
5. Open the filter clips which are located underneath the hood top. Insert the aluminum filter into the bottom filter rack (hood divider). Push the filter into position past the open filter clips. Close the filter clips to lock the filter into place. See Fig. 15.
6. Caulk the ends of the joint between the unit top panel and the hood top.
7. Replace the filter access panel.



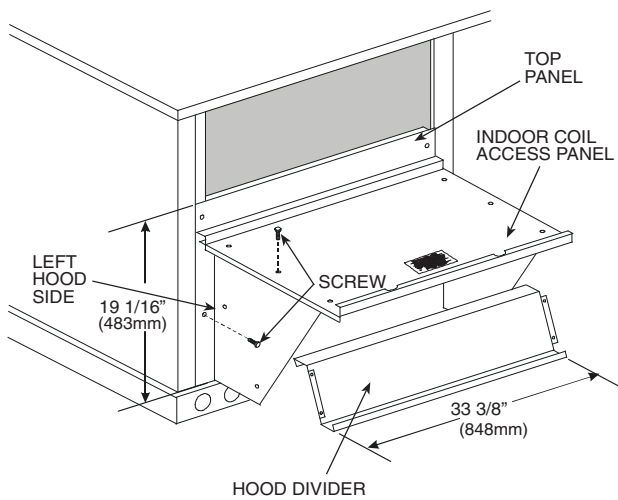
**Fig. 11 — Typical Access Panel Locations**



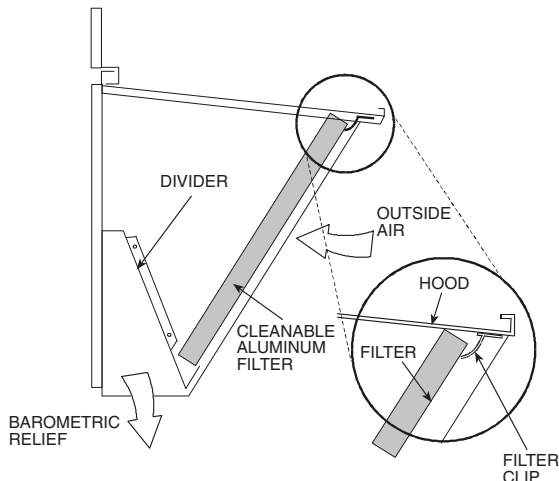
**Fig. 12 — Economizer and Two-Position Damper Hood Parts Location**



**Fig. 13 — Indoor Coil Access Panel Relocation**



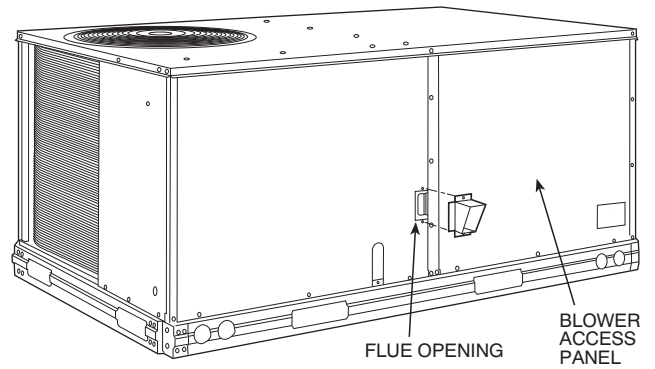
**Fig. 14 — Economizer Hood Construction**



**Fig. 15 — Economizer Filter Installation**

**Step 9 — Install Flue Hood**

Flue hood is shipped screwed to the basepan beside the burner compartment access panel. Remove from shipping location and using screws provided, install flue hood and screen in location shown in Fig. 16. Insert the flue hood's side flange through the access panel cutout, then rotate the flue hood until the top and bottom flanges contact the outside of the access panel; secure flue hood with screws.



**Fig. 16 — Flue Hood Details**

**Step 10 — Install Gas Piping**

Installation of the gas piping must be accordance with local building codes and with applicable national codes. In U.S.A., refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 National Fuel Gas Code (NFGC). In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the CAN/CSA B149.1 and CAN/CSA B149.2 installation codes for gas burning appliances.

This unit is factory equipped for use with natural gas (NG) fuel at elevations up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. Unit may be field converted for operation at elevations above 2000 ft (610 m) and/or for use with liquefied petroleum (LP) fuel. See accessory kit installation instructions regarding these accessories.

NOTE: Furnace gas input rate on rating plate is for installation up to 2000 ft (610 m) above sea level. The input rating for altitudes above 2000 ft (610 m) must be derated by 4% for each 1000 ft (305 m) above sea level.

For natural gas applications, gas pressure at unit gas connection must not be less than 4 in. wg (996 Pa) or greater than 13 in. wg (3240 Pa) while the unit is operating. For liquefied petroleum applications, the gas pressure must not be less than 11 in. wg (2740 Pa) or greater than 13 in. wg (3240 Pa) at the unit connection. See Tables 3 and 4.

**Table 3 — Natural Gas Supply Line Pressure Ranges**

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	MIN	MAX
RGH	072, 073, 090, 102, 110, 120	4.0 in. wg (996 Pa)	13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa)

**Table 4 — Liquid Propane Supply Line Pressure Ranges**

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	MIN	MAX
RGH	072, 073, 090, 102, 110, 120	11.0 in. wg (2740 Pa)	13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa)

The gas supply pipe enters the unit at the burner access panel on the front side of the unit, through the long slot at the bottom of the access panel. The gas connection to the unit is made to the 1/2-in. or 3/4-in. FPT gas inlet port on the unit gas valve.

Manifold pressure is factory-adjusted for NG fuel use. Adjust as required to obtain best flame characteristics. See Tables 5 and 6.

**Table 5 — Natural Gas Manifold Pressure Ranges**

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	HIGH FIRE	LOW FIRE
RGH	072, 073, 090, 102, 110, 120	3.5 in. wg (872 Pa)	2.0 in. wg (498 Pa)

NOTE: LOW FIRE, 1.7 in. wg (423 Pa), applies to the following units only: RGH072\*D/S, RGH073\*D/S, RGH090\*D/S, and RGH102\*D/S.

Manifold pressure for LP fuel use must be adjusted to specified range. Follow instructions in the accessory kit to make initial readjustment.

**Table 6 — Liquid Propane Manifold Pressure Ranges**

UNIT MODEL	UNIT SIZE	HIGH FIRE	LOW FIRE
RGH	072, 073, 090, 102, 110, 120	10.0 in. wg (2490 Pa)	5.7 in. wg (1420 Pa)

NOTE: LOW FIRE, 5.0 in. wg (1420 Pa), applies to the following units only: RGH072\*D/S, RGH073\*D/S, RGH090\*D/S, and RGH102\*D/S.

**CAUTION**

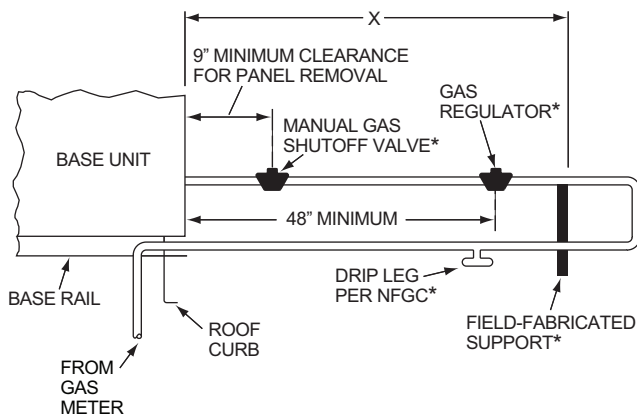
**EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

When connecting the gas line to the unit gas valve, the installer **MUST** use a backup wrench to prevent damage to the valve.

Install a gas supply line that runs to the unit heating section. Refer to the NFPA 54/NFPA 58 or equivalent code for gas pipe sizing data. Do not use a pipe smaller than the size specified. Size the gas supply line to allow for a maximum pressure drop of 0.5 in. wg (124 Pa) between gas regulator source and unit gas valve connection when unit is operating at high-fire flow rate.

The gas supply line can approach the unit in three ways: horizontally from outside the unit (across the roof), thru-curb/under unit basepan (accessory kit required) or through unit basepan (factory option or accessory kit required). Consult accessory kit installation instructions for details on these installation methods. Observe clearance to gas line components per Fig. 17.



**LEGEND**  
**NFPA** — National Fuel Gas Code  
 \* Field supplied.

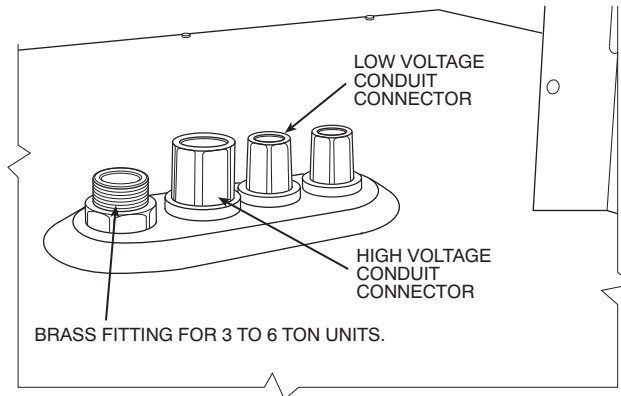
NOTE: Follow all local codes.

STEEL PIPE NOMINAL DIAMETER (in.)	SPACING OF SUPPORTS X DIMENSION (ft)
1/2	6
3/4 or 1	8
1 1/4 or larger	10

**Fig. 17 — Gas Piping Guide (with Accessory Thru-Curb Service Connections)**

**FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS (GAS CONNECTIONS)**

This service connection kit consists of a NPT gas adapter fitting, an electrical bulkhead connector, and a 3/4-in. electrical bulkhead connector, all factory-installed in the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section. See Fig. 18.



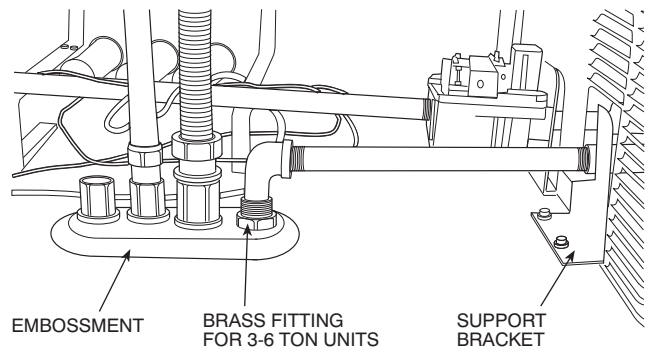
**Fig. 18 — Thru-Base Connection Fittings**

The thru-base gas connector has male and female threads. The male threads protrude above the basepan of the unit; the female threads protrude below the basepan.

Check tightness of connector lock nuts before connecting gas piping.

**Gas Line**

Install a 1/2-in. (090 and 102 size low gas units only) or 3/4-in. (for all other units) NPT street elbow on the thru-base gas fitting. Attach an appropriate size pipe nipple with minimum length of 16-in. (406 mm) (field-supplied) to the street elbow and extend it through the access panel at the gas support bracket. See Fig. 19.



**Fig. 19 — Gas Line Piping**

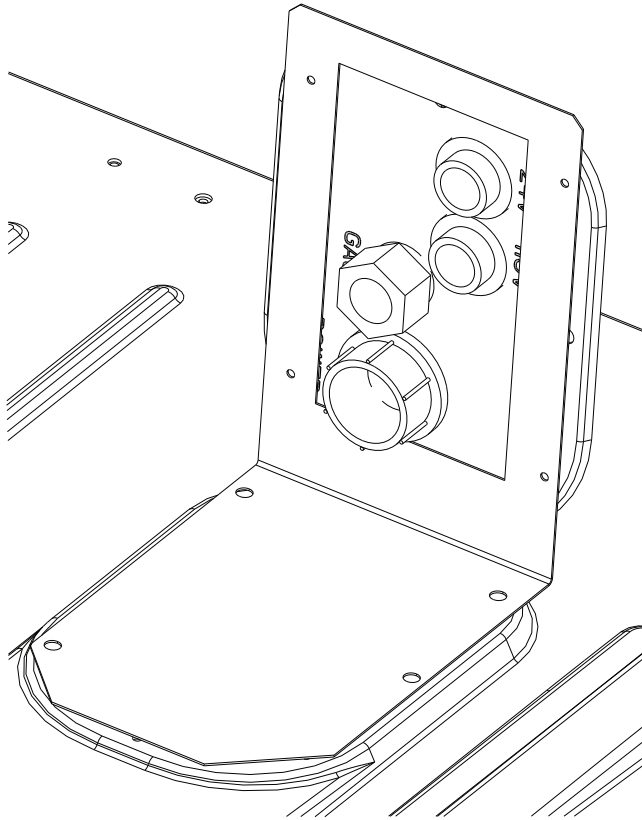
Other hardware required to complete the installation of the gas supply line will include a manual shutoff valve, a sediment trap (drip leg) and a ground-joint union. A pressure regulator valve may also be required (to convert gas pressure from pounds to inches of pressure). The manual shutoff valve must be located within 6 ft (1.83 m) of the unit. The union, located in the final leg entering the unit, must be located at least 9-in. (230 mm) away from the access panel to permit the panel to be removed for service. If a regulator valve is installed, it must be located a minimum of 4 ft (1220 mm) away from the unit's flue outlet. Some municipal codes require that the manual shutoff valve be located upstream of the sediment trap. See Fig. 23 and 24 for typical piping arrangements for gas piping that has been routed through the sidewall of the curb. See Fig. 25 for typical piping arrangement when thru-base is used. Ensure that all piping does not block access to the unit's main control box or limit the required working space in front of the control box.

**FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS (GAS CONNECTIONS)**

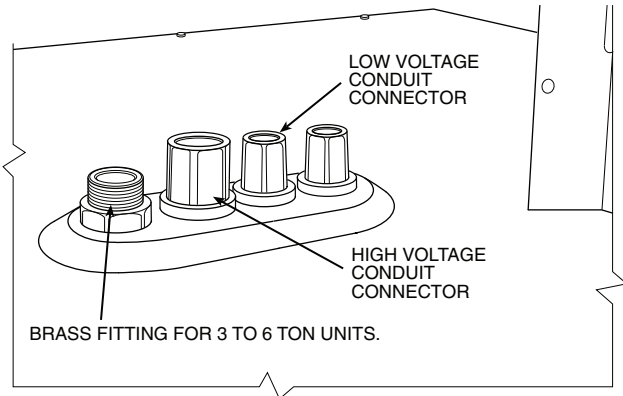
This service connection kit consists of a 1/2-in. electrical bulkhead connector and a 3/4-in. electrical bulkhead connector, connected to an "L" bracket covering the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section (see Fig. 20 for shipping position). The 3/4-in. bulkhead connector enables the low-voltage control wires to pass



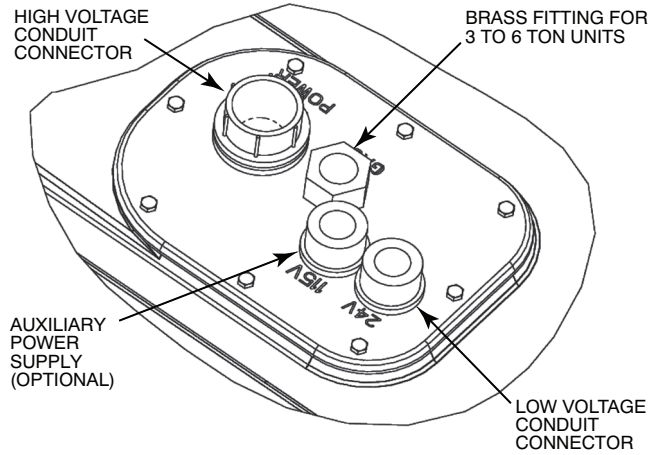
through the basepan. The 1/2-in. bulkhead connector allows the high-voltage power wires to pass through the basepan. See Fig. 21 and 22.



**Fig. 20 — Thru-the-Base Fitting Assembly (Shown in Shipping Position)**



**Fig. 21 — Thru-Base Connection Fittings (Units Built Prior to 4/15/2019)**

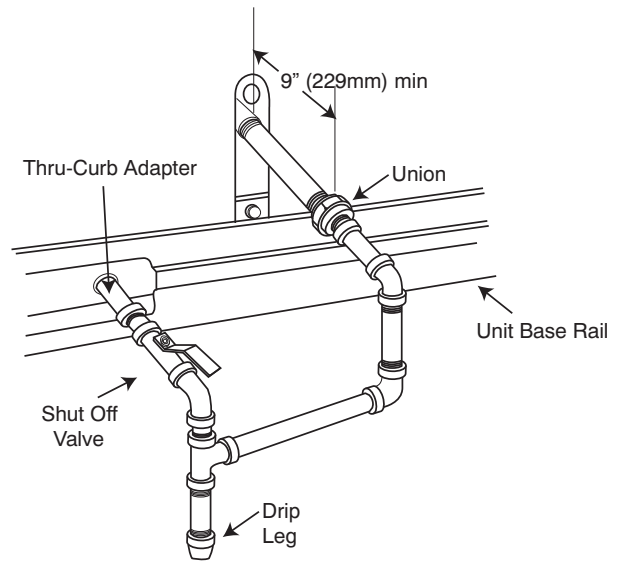


**Fig. 22 — Thru-Base Connection Fittings (Units Built On and After 4/15/2019)**

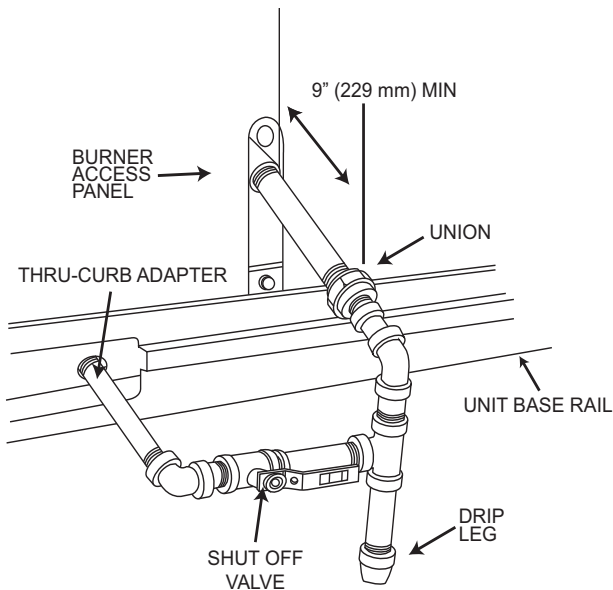
1. Remove the “L” bracket assembly from the unit.
2. Remove connector plate assembly from the “L” bracket and discard the “L” bracket, but retain the washer head screws and the gasket (located between the “L” bracket and the connector plate assembly).

**NOTE:** Take care not to damage the gasket, as it is reused in the following step.

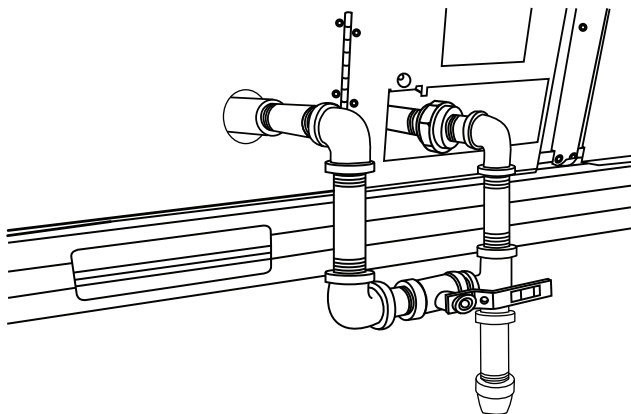
3. Place the gasket over the embossed area in the basepan, aligning the holes in the gasket to the holes in the basepan. See Fig. 20.
4. Install the connector plate assembly to the basepan using 8 of the washer head screws.



**Fig. 23 — Gas Piping with Thru-Curb Accessory**



**Fig. 24 — Gas Piping with Thru-Curb Accessory (Alternate Layout)**



**Fig. 25 — Gas Piping with Thru-Base Accessory**

When installing the gas supply line, observe local codes pertaining to gas pipe installations. Refer to the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 NFGC latest edition (in Canada, CAN/CSA B149.1). In the absence of local building codes, adhere to the following pertinent recommendations:

1. Avoid low spots in long runs of pipe. Grade all pipe 1/4-in. in every 15 ft (7 mm in every 5 m) to prevent traps. Grade all horizontal runs downward to risers. Use risers to connect to heating section and to meter.
2. Protect all segments of piping system against physical and thermal damage. Support all piping with appropriate straps, hangers, etc. Use a minimum of one hanger every 6 ft (1.8 m). For pipe sizes larger than 1/2-in., follow recommendations of national codes.
3. Apply joint compound (pipe dope) sparingly and only to male threads of joint when making pipe connections. Use only pipe dope that is resistant to action of liquefied petroleum gases as specified by local and/or national codes. If using PTFE (Teflon<sup>1</sup>) tape, ensure the material is Double Density type and is labeled for use on gas lines. Apply tape per manufacturer's instructions.
4. Pressure-test all gas piping in accordance with local and national plumbing and gas codes before connecting piping to unit.

1. Teflon is a registered trademark of Dupont.

**NOTE:** Pressure test the gas supply system after the gas supply piping is connected to the gas valve. The supply piping must be disconnected from the gas valve during the testing of the piping systems when test pressure is in excess of 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). Pressure test the gas supply piping system at pressures equal to or less than 0.5 psig (3450 Pa). The unit heating section must be isolated from the gas piping system by closing the external main manual shutoff valve and slightly opening the ground-joint union.

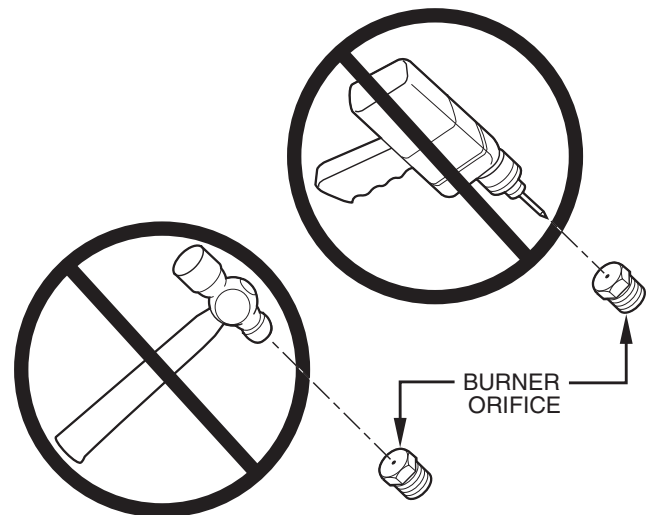
Check for gas leaks at the field-installed and factory-installed gas lines after all piping connections have been completed. Use soap-and-water solution (or method specified by local codes and/or regulations).

**⚠ WARNING**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

- Connect gas pipe to unit using a backup wrench to avoid damaging gas controls.
- Never purge a gas line into a combustion chamber.
- Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections.
- Use proper length of pipe to avoid stress on gas control manifold.

**NOTE:** If orifice hole appears damaged or it is suspected to have been re-drilled, check orifice hole with a numbered drill bit of correct size. Never re-drill an orifice. A burr-free and squarely aligned orifice hole is essential for proper flame characteristics. See Fig. 26.

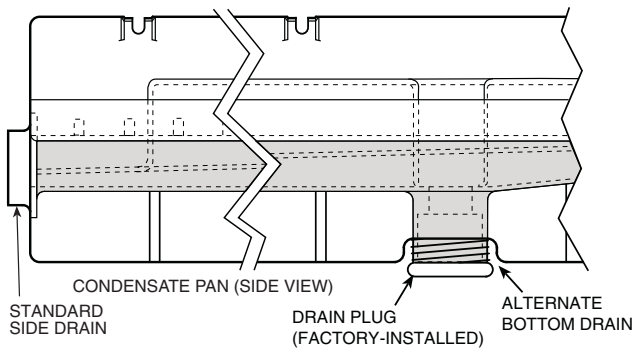


**Fig. 26 — Orifice Hole**

**Step 11 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line**

The unit has one 3/4-in. condensate drain connection on the end of the condensate pan and an alternate connection on the bottom. See Fig. 27. Unit airflow configuration does not determine which drain connection to use. Either drain connection can be used with vertical or horizontal applications.

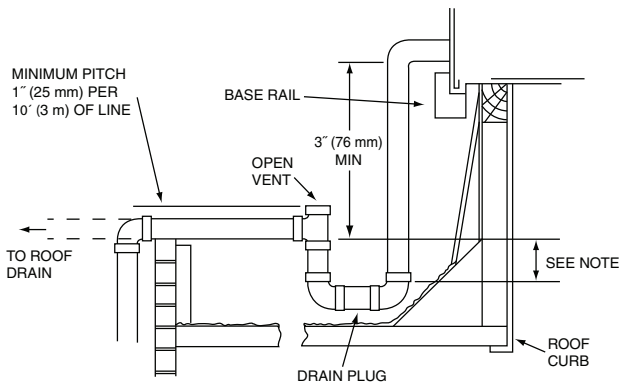
To use the alternate bottom drain connection, remove the red drain plug from the bottom connection (use a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension) and install it in the side drain connection.



**Fig. 27 — Condensate Drain Pan (Side View)**

The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place. See Fig. 28.

NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4-in. (102 mm) trap is recommended.



NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4-in. (102 mm) trap is recommended.

**Fig. 28 — Condensate Drain Piping Details**

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. (102 mm) deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1-in. per 10 ft (25 mm in 3 m) of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection (3/4-in.).

## Step 12 — Make Electrical Connections

### ⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground.

Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code); ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA [Canadian Standards Association] C22.1), and local electrical codes.

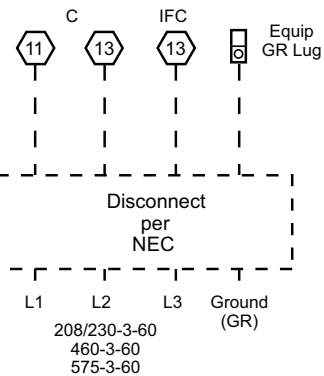
NOTE: Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of minimum 63°F (3°C) rise.

### FIELD POWER SUPPLY

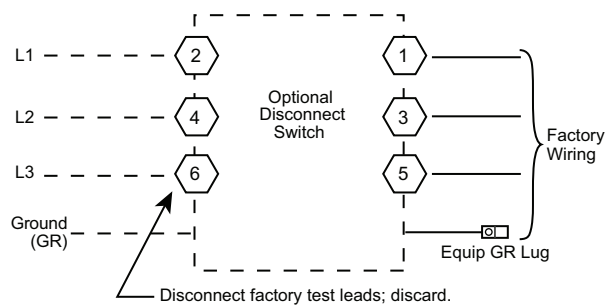
If equipped with optional powered convenience outlet: the power source leads to the convenience outlet's transformer primary are not factory connected. Installer must connect these leads according to required operation of the convenience outlet.

If an always-energized convenience outlet operation is desired, connect the source leads to the line side of the unit-mounted disconnect. (Check with local codes to ensure this method is acceptable in your area.) If a de-energize via unit disconnect switch operation of the convenience outlet is desired, connect the source leads to the load side of the unit disconnect. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect, connect the source leads to compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC pressure lugs with unit field power leads (see Fig. 29).

### Units Without Disconnect Option



### Units With Disconnect Option



**Fig. 29 — Power Wiring Connections**

Field power wires will be connected line-side pressure lugs on the power terminal block or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect.

Field power wires are connected to the unit at line-side pressure lugs on compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC (see wiring diagram label for control box component arrangement), at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch. Max wire size is #4 AWG (copper only) per pole on contactors and #2ga AWG (copper only) per pole on optional non-fused disconnect (see Fig. 30). See Fig. 29 and the unit label diagram for field power wiring connections.

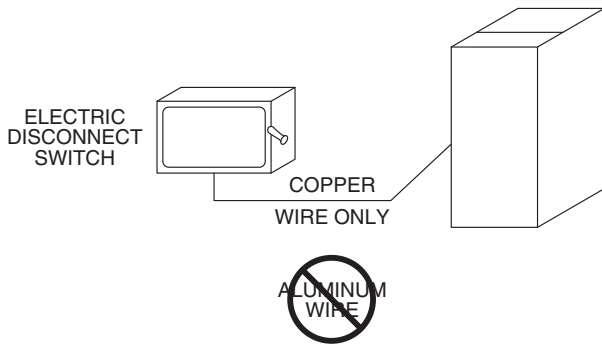
NOTE: TEST LEADS — Unit may be equipped with short leads (pigtailed) on the field line connection points on contactor C or optional disconnect switch. These leads are for factory run-test purposes only; remove and discard before connecting field power wires to unit connection points. Make field power connections directly to line connection pressure lugs only.

### ⚠ WARNING

#### FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death, or property damage.

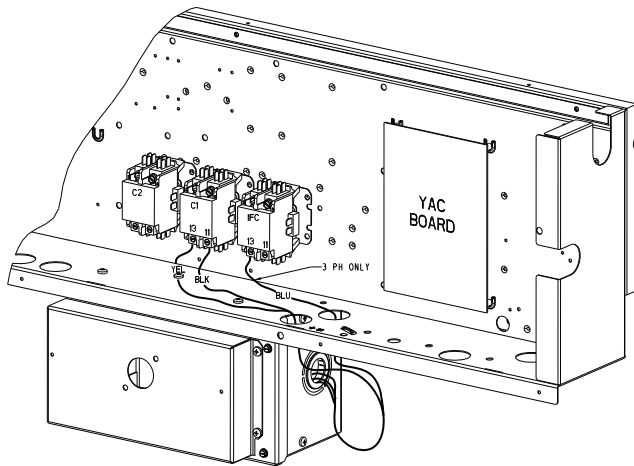
Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and unit. Use only copper wire.



**Fig. 30 — Disconnect Switch and Unit**

**UNITS WITH FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT**

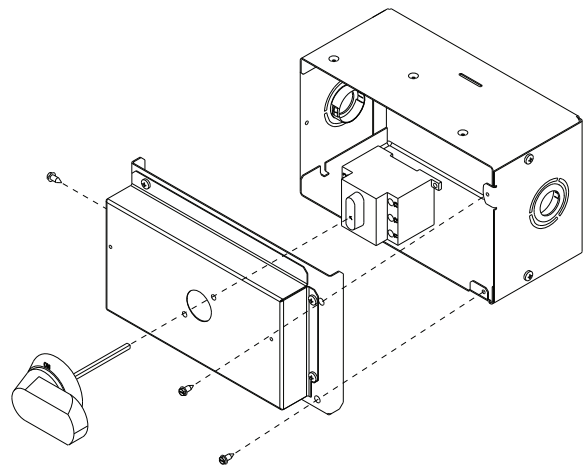
The factory-installed option non-fused disconnect (NFD) switch is located in a weatherproof enclosure located under the main control box (see Fig. 31). The manual switch handle and shaft are shipped in the disconnect enclosure. Assemble the shaft and handle to the switch at this point. Discard the factory test leads (see Fig. 29). Connect field power supply conductors to LINE side terminals when the switch enclosure cover is removed to attach the handle.



**Fig. 31 — Location of Non-Fused Disconnect Enclosure**

To field install the NFD shaft and handle:

1. Remove the unit front panel (see Fig. 2 or Fig. 3).
2. Remove (3) hex screws on the NFD enclosure - (2) on the face of the cover and (1) on the left side cover. See Fig. 32.
3. Remove the front cover of the NFD enclosure.
4. Make sure the NFD shipped from the factory is at OFF position (the arrow on the black handle knob is at OFF).
5. Insert the shaft with the cross pin on the top of the shaft in the horizontal position.
6. Measure from the tip of the shaft to the top surface of the black pointer; the measurement should be 3.75 to 3.88-in. (95 to 99 mm).
7. Tighten the locking screw to secure the shaft to the NFD.
8. Turn the handle to the OFF position with red arrow pointing at OFF.
9. Install the handle on to the painted cover horizontally with the red arrow pointing to the left.
10. Secure the handle to the painted cover with (2) screws and lock washers supplied.
11. Engaging the shaft into the handle socket, re-install (3) hex screws on the NFD enclosure.
12. Re-install the unit front panel.



**Fig. 32 — Handle and Shaft Assembly for NFD**

**UNITS WITHOUT FACTORY-INSTALLED NON-FUSED DISCONNECT**

When installing units, provide a disconnect switch per NEC (National Electrical Code) of adequate size. Disconnect sizing data is provided on the unit informative plate. Locate on unit cabinet or within sight of the unit per national or local codes. Do not cover unit informative plate if mounting the disconnect on the unit cabinet.

**ALL UNITS**

All field wiring must comply with NEC and all local codes. Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 29 and unit label diagram for power wiring connections to the unit and equipment ground. Maximum wire size is #4 ga AWG (copper only) per pole on contactors and #2ga AWG (copper only) per pole on optional non-fused disconnect.

Provide a ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device (fuse or breaker) per NEC Article 440 (or local codes). Refer to unit informative data plate for MOCP (Maximum Over-current Protection) device size.

All field wiring must comply with the NEC and local requirements.

All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the control transformer must be rewired by moving the black wire with the 1/4-in. female spade connector from the 230-v connection and moving it to the 208-v 1/4-in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer. Refer to unit label diagram for additional information.

Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the formula shown below to determine the percent of voltage imbalance. Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable warranty.

**Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage**

**IMPORTANT:** Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percentage of voltage imbalance.

$$\% \text{ Voltage Imbalance} = 100 \times \frac{\text{max voltage deviation from average voltage}}{\text{average voltage}}$$



Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60



AB = 224 v  
BC = 231 v  
AC = 226 v

$$\text{Average Voltage} = \frac{(224 + 231 + 226)}{3} = \frac{681}{3} = 227$$

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage.

(AB) 227-224 = 3 v

(BC) 231-227 = 4 v

(AC) 227-226 = 1 v

Maximum deviation is 4 v.

Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

$$\% \text{ Voltage Imbalance} = 100 \times \frac{4}{227} = 1.78\%$$

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

**IMPORTANT:** If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

## CONVENIENCE OUTLETS

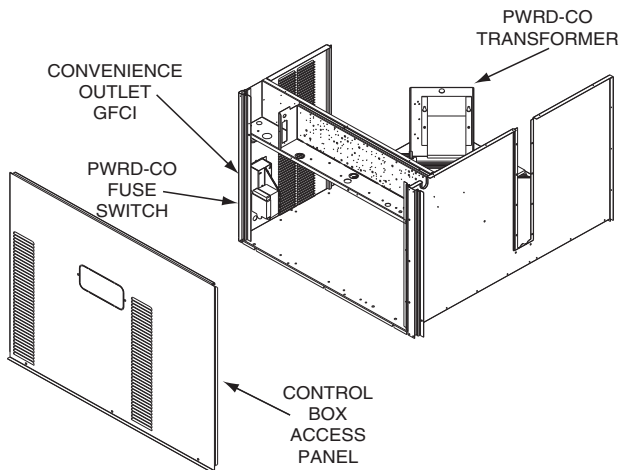
### ⚠ WARNING

#### ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Lock-out and tag-out this switch, if necessary.

Two types of convenience outlets are offered on RGH models: non-powered and unit-powered. Both types provide a 125-v GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the end panel of the unit. See Fig. 33.



**Fig. 33 — Convenience Outlet Location**

### Installing Weatherproof Cover

A weatherproof while-in-use cover for the factory-installed convenience outlets is now required by UL standards. This cover cannot be factory-mounted due its depth; it must be installed at unit installation. For shipment, the convenience outlet is covered with a blank cover plate.

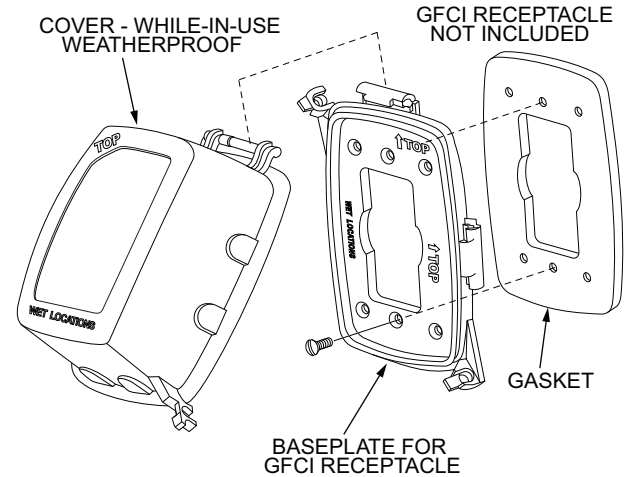
The weatherproof cover kit is shipped in the unit's control box. The kit includes the hinged cover, a backing plate and gasket.

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER TO UNIT AND CONVENIENCE OUTLET. LOCK-OUT AND TAG-OUT ALL POWER.**

Remove the blank cover plate at the convenience outlet; discard the blank cover.

Loosen the two screws at the GFCI duplex outlet, until approximately 1/2-in. (13 mm) under screw heads is exposed. Press the gasket over the screw heads. Slip the backing plate over the screw heads at the keyhole slots and align with the gasket; tighten the two screws until snug (do not over-tighten).

Mount the weatherproof cover to the backing plate as shown in Fig. 34. Remove two slot fillers in the bottom of the cover to permit service tool cords to exit the cover. Check for full closing and latching.



**Fig. 34 — Weatherproof Cover Installation**

### Non-powered type

This type requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-v 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

### Unit-Powered Type

A unit-mounted transformer is factory-installed to stepdown the main power supply voltage to the unit to 115-v at the duplex receptacle. This option also includes a manual switch with fuse, located in a utility box and mounted on a bracket behind the convenience outlet; access is through the unit's control box access panel. See Fig. 33.

The primary leads to the convenience outlet transformer are not factory-connected. Selection of primary power source is a customer option. If local codes permit, the transformer primary leads can be connected at the line-side terminals on the unit-mounted non-fused disconnect or HACR breaker switch; this will provide service power to the unit when the unit disconnect switch or HACR switch is open. Other connection methods will result in the convenience outlet circuit being de-energized when the unit disconnect or HACR switch is open. See Fig. 35.

### Duty Cycle

The unit-powered convenience outlet has a duty cycle limitation. The transformer is intended to provide power on an intermittent basis for service tools, lamps, etc; it is not intended to provide 15-amps loading for continuous duty loads (such as electric heaters for overnight use). Observe a 50% limit on circuit loading above 8-amps (i.e., limit loads exceeding 8-amps to 30 minutes of operation every hour).

Test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle.

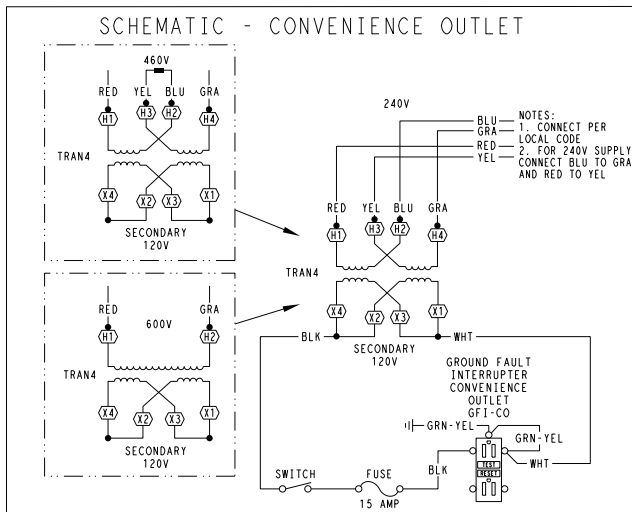
Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.

### Fuse on Power Type

The factory fuse is a Bussman "Fusetron"™1 T-15, non-renewable screw-in (Edison base) type plug fuse.

### Using Unit-Mounted Convenience Outlets

Units with unit-mounted convenience outlet circuits will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.



UNIT VOLTAGE	CONNECT AS	PRIMARY CONNECTIONS	TRANSFORMER TERMINALS
208,230	240	L1: RED +YEL L2: BLU + GRA	H1 + H3 H2 + H4
460	480	L1: RED L2: BLU + YEL L3: GRA	H1 H2 + H3 H4
575	600	L1: RED L2: GRA	H1 H2

Fig. 35 — Powered Convenience Outlet Wiring

### FACTORY OPTION THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS (ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS)

This service connection kit consists of a 1/2-in. electrical bulkhead connector and a 1 1/4-in. electrical bulkhead connector, all factory-installed in the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section. The 1/2-in. bulkhead connector enables the low-voltage control wires to pass through the basepan. The 1 1/4-in. electrical bulkhead connector allows the high-voltage power wires to pass through the basepan. See Fig. 18.

Check tightness of connector lock nuts before connecting electrical conduits.

Field-supplied and field-installed liquid-tight conduit connectors and conduit may be attached to the connectors on the basepan. Pull correctly rated high voltage and low voltage through appropriate conduits. Connect the power conduit to the internal disconnect (if unit is so equipped) or to the external disconnect (through unit side panel). A hole must be field cut in the main control box bottom on the left side so the 24-v control connections can be made. Connect the control power conduit to the unit control box at this hole.

### UNITS WITHOUT THRU-BASE CONNECTIONS

1. Install power wiring conduit through side panel openings. Install conduit between disconnect and control box.
2. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 29.

### FIELD CONTROL WIRING

The RGH unit requires an external temperature control device. This device can be a thermostat (field-supplied), a thermostat emulation device provided as part of a third-party Building Management System.

### THERMOSTAT

Install an approved accessory 2-stage thermostat according to installation instructions included with the accessory. Locate the thermostat accessory on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with the thermostat installation instructions.

If the thermostat contains a logic circuit requiring 24-v power, use a thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of different colors with minimum of seven leads. If the thermostat does not require a 24-v source (no "C" connection required), use a thermostat cable or equivalent with minimum of six leads. See Fig. 36 for typical low-voltage control connections. Check the thermostat installation instructions for additional features which might require additional conductors in the cable.

For wire runs up to 50 ft (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35°C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire (35°C minimum). For over 75 ft (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire (35°C minimum). All wire sizes larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.

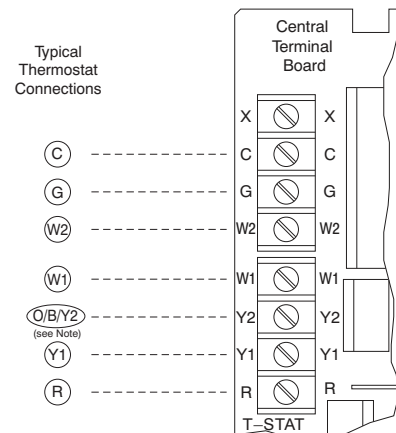
### Unit without Thru-Base Connection Kit

Pass the thermostat control wires through the hole provided in the end panel (see item "D" in the view labeled "LEFT" in Fig. 2 or 3); then feed the wires through the raceway built into the corner post to the control box. Pull the wires over to the terminal strip on the upper-left corner of the Central Terminal Board (CTB). See Fig. 37.

NOTE: If thru-the-bottom connections accessory is used, refer to the accessory installation instructions for information on routing power and control wiring.

### HEAT ANTICIPATOR SETTINGS

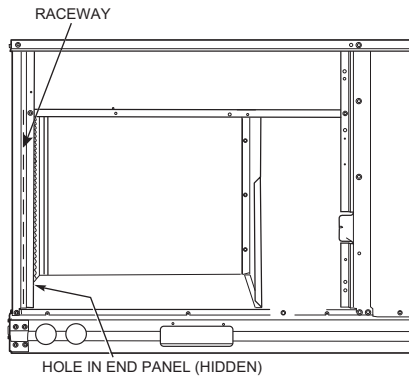
Set heat anticipator settings at 0.14 amp for the first stage and 0.14 amp for second-stage heating, when available.



Note: Typical multi-function marking. Follow manufacturer's configuration instructions to select Y2.  
--- Field Wiring

Fig. 36 — Typical Low-Voltage Control Connections

1. Bussman and Fusetron are trademarks of Cooper Technologies Company.



**Fig. 37 — Field Control Wiring Raceway**

**HOT GAS RE-HEAT SYSTEM CONTROL CONNECTIONS**

**Hot Gas Re-Heat — Space RH Controller**

NOTE: The Hot Gas Re-Heat system is a factory-installed option which is only available for units equipped with belt-drive motors.

The Hot Gas Re-Heat dehumidification system requires a field-supplied and installed space relative humidity control device. This device may be a separate humidistat control (contact closes on rise in space RH above control setpoint) or a combination thermostat-humidistat control device such as a programmable thermostat with isolated contact set for dehumidification control. The humidistat is normally used in applications where a temperature control is already provided.

To connect the field-installed humidistat:

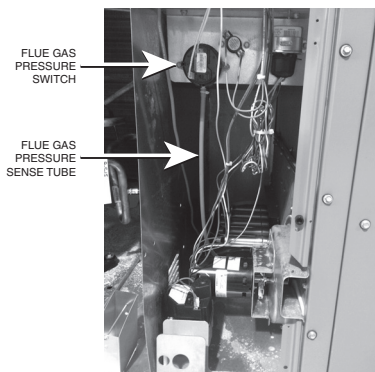
1. Route the humidistat 2-conductor cable (field-supplied) through the hole provided in the unit corner post.
2. Feed wires through the raceway built into the corner post (see Fig. 37) to the 24-v barrier located on the left side of the control box. The raceway provides the UL-required clearance between high-voltage and low-voltage wiring.
3. Use wire nuts to connect humidistat cable to the leads in the low-voltage wiring (as shown in Fig. 41), connecting PNK to PNK and PNK/BLK to PNK/BLK.

**LOW AMBIENT CONTROL (FACTORY OPTION)**

If the unit comes with Electro-Mechanical (EM) control, then no adjustment is necessary.

**INTEGRATED GAS CONTROLLER**

This unit contains an Integrated Gas Controller (IGC) board. The IGC control board uses a flue gas pressure switch that senses pressure drop in the heat exchanger due to the combustion inducer. See Fig. 38.



**Fig. 38 — Flue Gas Pressure Switch and Pressure Sense Tube (Typical Location)**

When the thermostat calls for heating, power is sent to W on the Integrated Gas Controller (IGC) board. An LED (light emitting diode) on the IGC board turns on and remains on during normal operation. A check is made to ensure that the rollout switch and limit switch are closed, and that the pressure switch is open. If the check was successful, the induced draft motor is energized. When the pressure in the heat exchanger is low enough to close the pressure switch, the ignition activation period begins. Once ignition occurs, the IGC board will continue to monitor the condition of the rollout switch, the limit switches, the pressure switch, and the flame sensor. Assuming the unit is controlled through a room thermostat set for “fan auto,” 45 seconds after ignition occurs, the indoor fan motor will energize, and the outdoor air dampers will open to their minimum position. If the “over temperature limit” opens prior to the start of the indoor fan blower, the IGC will shut down the burners, and the control will shorten the 45 second delay to 5 seconds less than the time to tip the limit. For example, if the limit trips at 37 seconds, the control will change the “fan on delay” from 45 seconds to 32 seconds. Once the “fan on delay” has been modified, it will not change back to 45 seconds unless power is reset to the control. On units with 2 stages of heat, W2 closes and initiates power to the second stage of the main gas valve when additional heat is required.

When the thermostat is satisfied, W1 and W2 open and the gas valve closes, interrupting the flow of gas to the main burners. If the call for W1 lasted less than 1 minute, the heating cycle will not terminate until 1 minute after W1 became active. If the unit is controlled through a room thermostat set for fan auto, the indoor fan motor will continue to operate for an additional 45 seconds, then stop. An LED indicator is provided on the IGC to monitor operation.

See Fig. 39 for IGC board component layout. Fig. 40 is a typical IGC control wiring diagram. See Table 7 for IGC Board fault indications.

**Table 7 — IGC Board Faults**

LED INDICATION	ERROR MODE
ON	Normal operation
OFF	No power or hardware failure
1 Flash	Fan on delay modified
2 Flashes	Limit switch fault
3 Flashes	Flame sense fault
4 Flashes	Consecutive limit switch faults
5 Flashes	Ignition lockout fault
6 Flashes	Pressure switch fault
7 Flashes	Rollout switch fault
8 Flashes	Internal control fault

NOTE: If more than one error mode exists, they will be displayed on the LED in sequence. Limit switch is ignored in all modes except heating mode.

TYPICAL CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAMS

See Fig. 42-45.

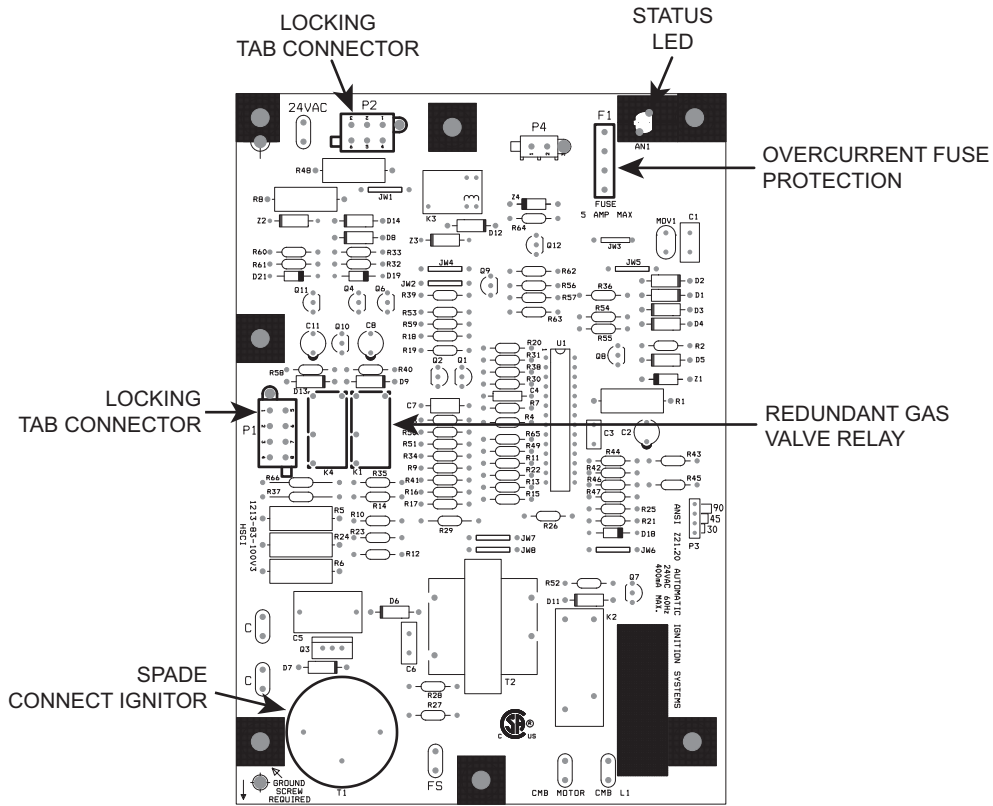


Fig. 39 — IGC Board Component Layout

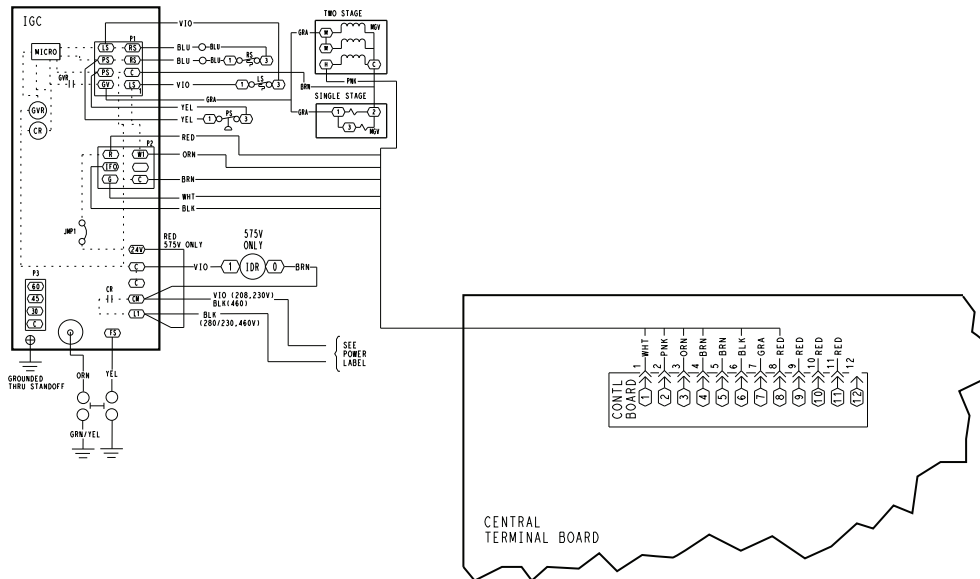


Fig. 40 — Typical IGC Control Wiring Diagram



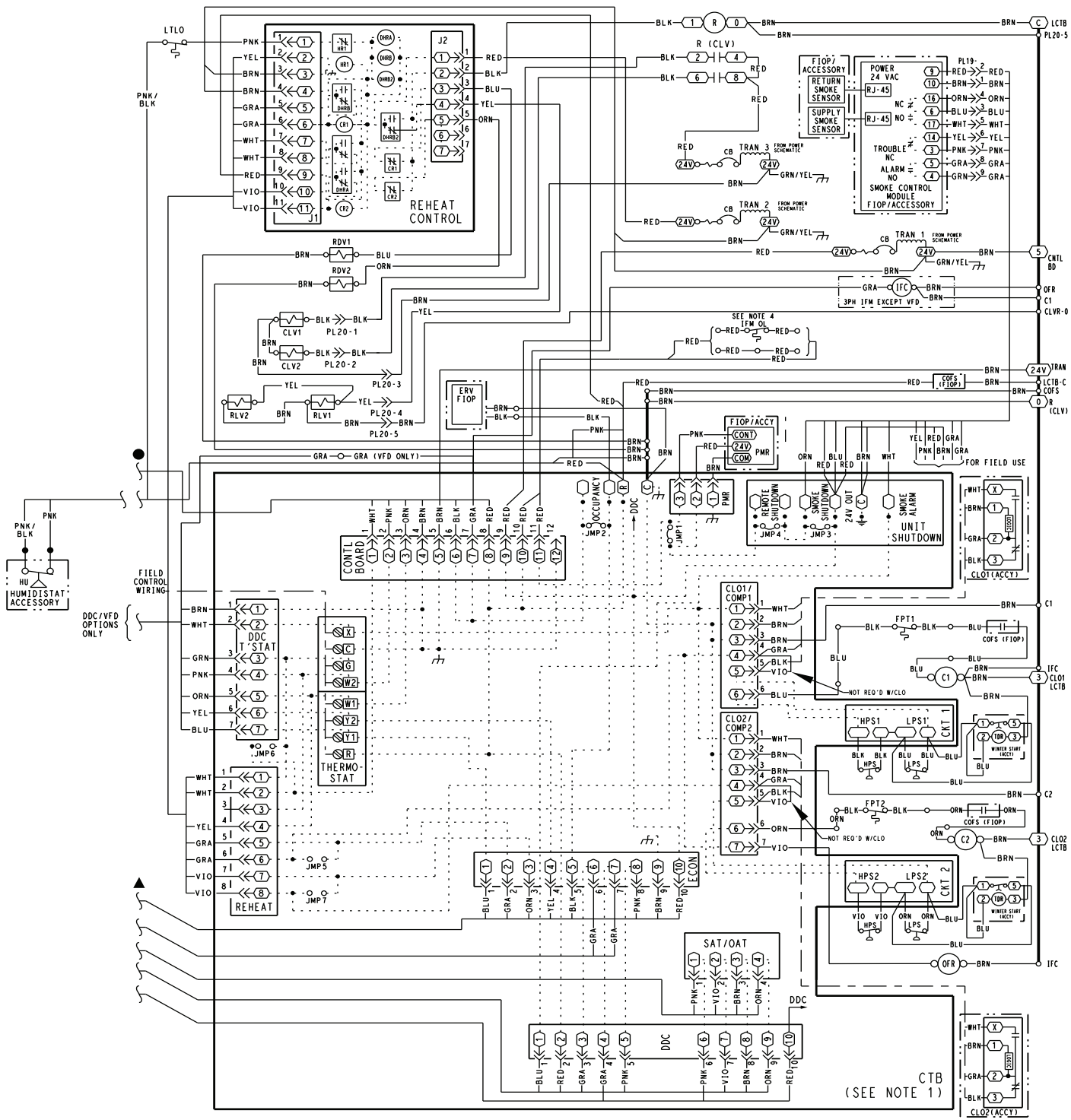


Fig. 41 — Typical Hot Gas Re-Heat Adaptive Dehumidification System Humidistat Wiring

YAC CONTROL 208/230V, 460V, 575V  
 7.5-10TON YAC (1)COMPR T1  
 6TON YAC (1)COMPR T2

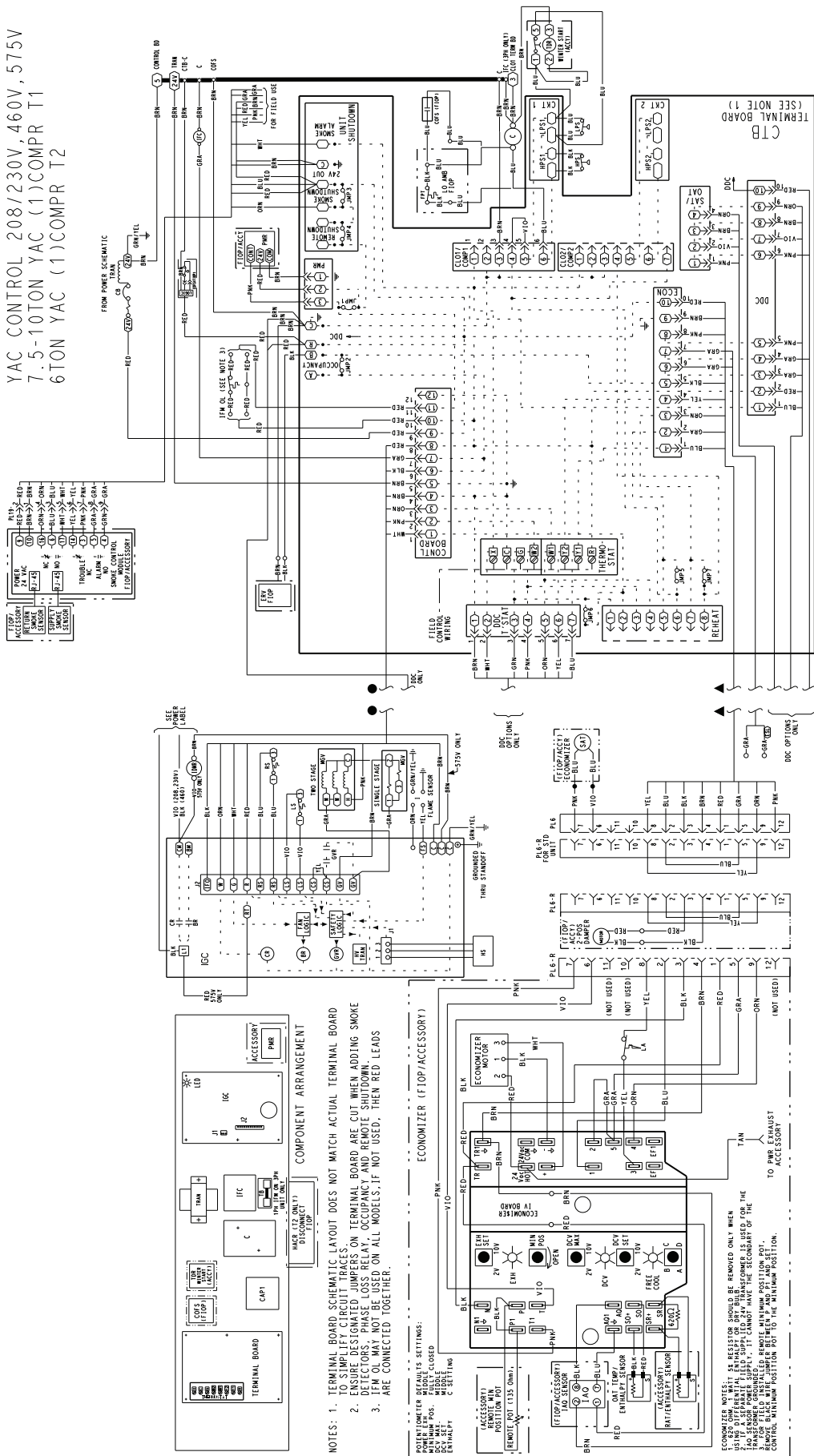
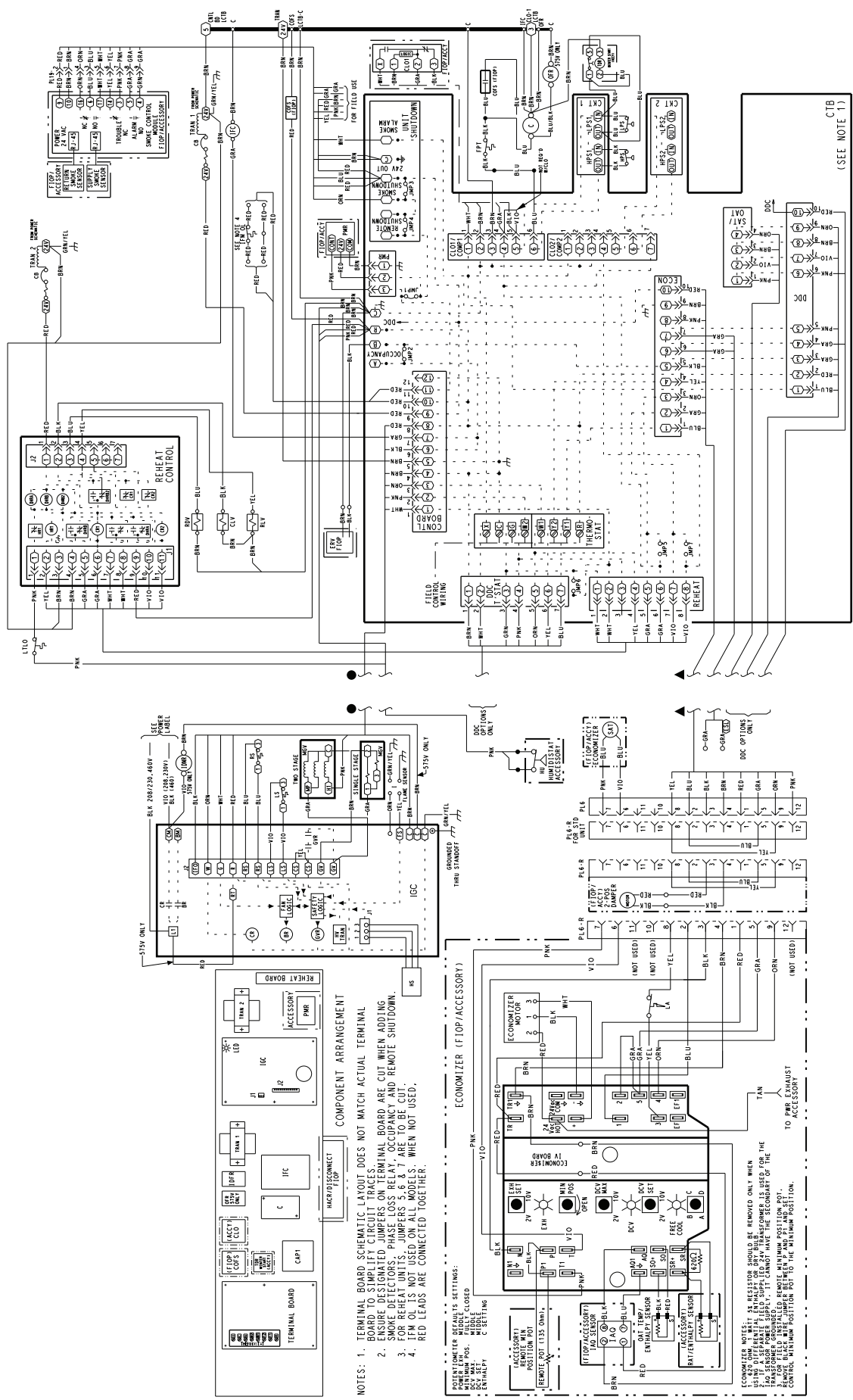


Fig. 42 — Electro-Mechanical Control Wiring Diagram



YAC CONTROL 208/230V, 460V, 575V 6 TON MID TIER W/DEHUMIDIFICATION (SEE NOTE 1)

Fig. 43 — Electro-Mechanical Control Wiring Diagram with Hot Gas Re-Heat System

YAC CONTROL 208/230V, 460V, 575V  
 6 TON 2-STG COOLING 1-COMPR MID-TIER

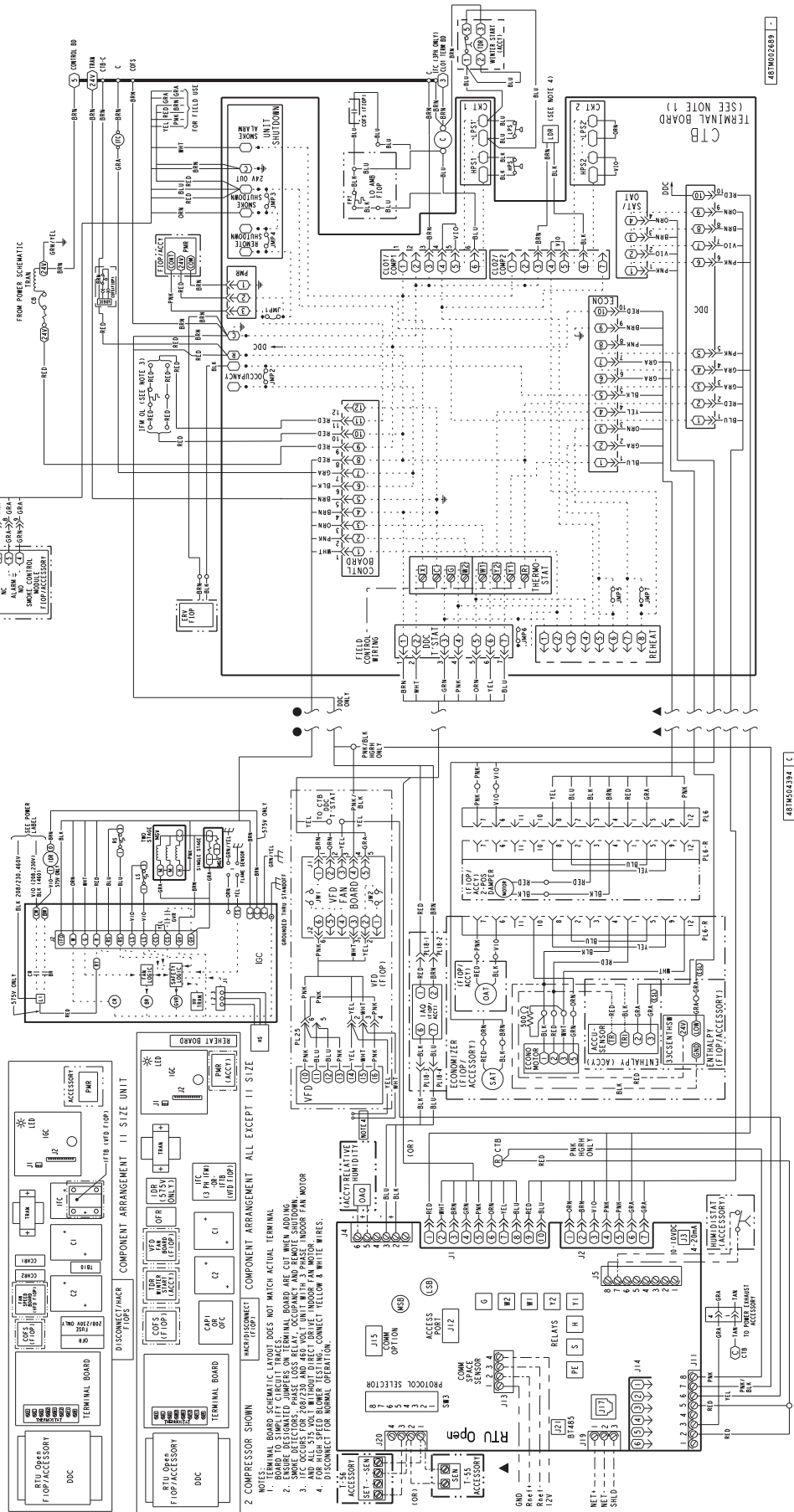


Fig. 44 — Typical RTU Open Controller Wiring Diagram

YAC CONTROL 208/230V 460V 575V  
 6TON 2-STG COOLING 1-COMPR MID-TIER W/DEHUMIDIFICATION

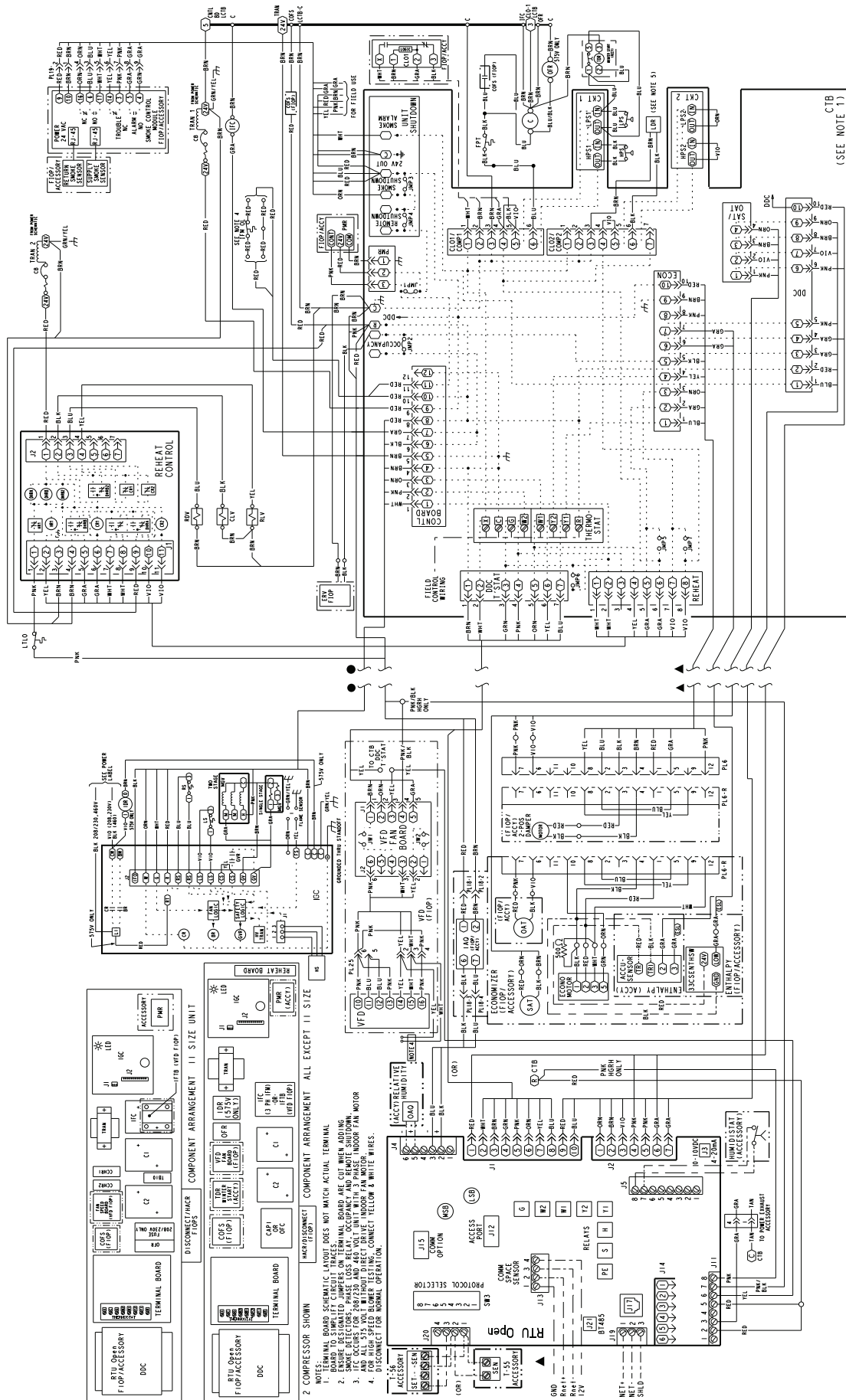


Fig. 45 — Typical RTU Open Controller Wiring Diagram with Hot Gas Re-Heat System Option



## ECONOMISER® X (FACTORY OPTION)

The EconoMi\$er X system is an expandable economizer control system, which includes a W7220 economizer module (controller) with an LCD and keypad (see Fig. 46). The W7220 can be configured with optional sensors.



Fig. 46 — W7220 Economizer Module

The W7220 economizer module can be used as a stand-alone economizer module wired directly to a commercial set-back space thermostat and sensors to provide outside air dry-bulb economizer control.

The W7220 economizer module can be connected to optional sensors for single or differential enthalpy control. The W7220 economizer module provides power and communications for the sensors.

The W7220 economizer module automatically detects sensors by polling to determine which sensors are present. If a sensor loses communications after it has been detected, the W7220 economizer controller indicates a device fail error on its LCD.

### System Components

The EconoMi\$er X system includes an economizer module, 20k mixed air sensor, damper actuator, and either a 20k outdoor air temperature sensor or S-Bus enthalpy sensors.

### Economizer Module

The module is the core of the EconoMi\$er X system. The module is mounted in the unit's control box, and includes the user interface for the system. The W7220 economizer module provides the basic inputs and outputs to provide simple economizer control. When used with the optional sensors, the economizer module provides more advanced economizer functionality.

### S-Bus Enthalpy Control Sensors

The sensor is a combination temperature and humidity sensor which is powered by and communicates on the S-Bus. Up to three sensors may be configured with the W7220 economizer module.

### CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor (optional)

The sensor can be added for Demand Controlled Ventilation (DCV).

### Specifications

#### W7220 Economizer Module

The module is designed for use with 2 to 10 vdc or bus communicating actuator. The module includes terminals for CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, mixed air sensor, and an outdoor dry bulb sensor. Enthalpy and other options are available with bus sensors.

#### User Interface

The interface provides status for normal operation, setup parameters, checkout tests, and alarm and error

conditions with a 2-line 16 character LCD display and four button keypad.

### Electrical

- Rated Voltage — 20 to 30 vac RMS, 50/60 Hz
- Transformer — 100 va maximum system input
- Nominal Power Consumption (at 24 vac, 60 Hz) — 11.5 VA without sensors or actuators
- Relay Digital Output Rating at 30 vac (maximum power from Class 2 input only) — 1.5A run: 3.5A inrush at 0.45PF (200,000 cycles) or 7.5A inrush at 0.45PF (100,000 cycles)
- External Sensors Power Output — 21 vdc  $\pm$  5% at 48mA

**IMPORTANT:** All inputs and outputs must be Class 2 wiring.

### Inputs

#### Sensors

NOTE: A mixed air (MA) analog sensor is required on all W7220 units; either an outdoor air (OA) sensor for dry bulb change over or an OA bus sensor for outdoor enthalpy change over is required in addition to the MA sensor. An additional return air (RA) bus sensor can be added to the system for differential enthalpy or dry bulb changeover. For differential dry bulb changeover, a 20k ohm sensor is required in the OA and a bus sensor in the RA. DIP switch on RA bus sensor must be set in the RA position.

#### Dry Bulb Temperature (optional) and Mixed Air (required), 20k NTC

2-wire (18 to 22 AWG)

Temperature range  $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Temperature accuracy  $0^{\circ}\text{F}/+2^{\circ}\text{F}$

#### Temperature and Humidity, C7400S1000 (optional)

S-Bus; 2-wire (18 to 22 AWG)

Temperature: range  $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Temperature accuracy  $0^{\circ}\text{F}/+2^{\circ}\text{F}$

Humidity: range 0 to 100% RH with 5% accuracy.

NOTE: Up to three (3) S-Bus sensors may be connected to the W7220 economizer module. For outdoor air (OA), return air (RA) and discharge (supply) air (DA).

#### 4 Binary Inputs

1-wire 24 vac + common GND (see Fig. 47 for wiring details).

#### 24 vac power supply

20 to 30 vac 50/60Hz; 100 VA Class 2 transformer.

### Outputs

#### Actuator Signal

2 to 10 vdc; minimum actuator impedance is 2k ohm; bus two-wire output for bus communicating actuators.

#### Exhaust fan, Y1, Y2 and AUX1 O

All Relay Outputs (at 30 vac):

Running: 1.5A maximum

Inrush: 7.5A maximum

### Environmental

#### Operating Temperature

$-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

Exception of display operation down to  $-4^{\circ}\text{F}$  with full recovery at  $-4^{\circ}\text{F}$  from exposure to  $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$

#### Storage Temperature

$-40$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-40$  to  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

**Shipping Temperature**

–40 to 150°F (–40 to 65°C)

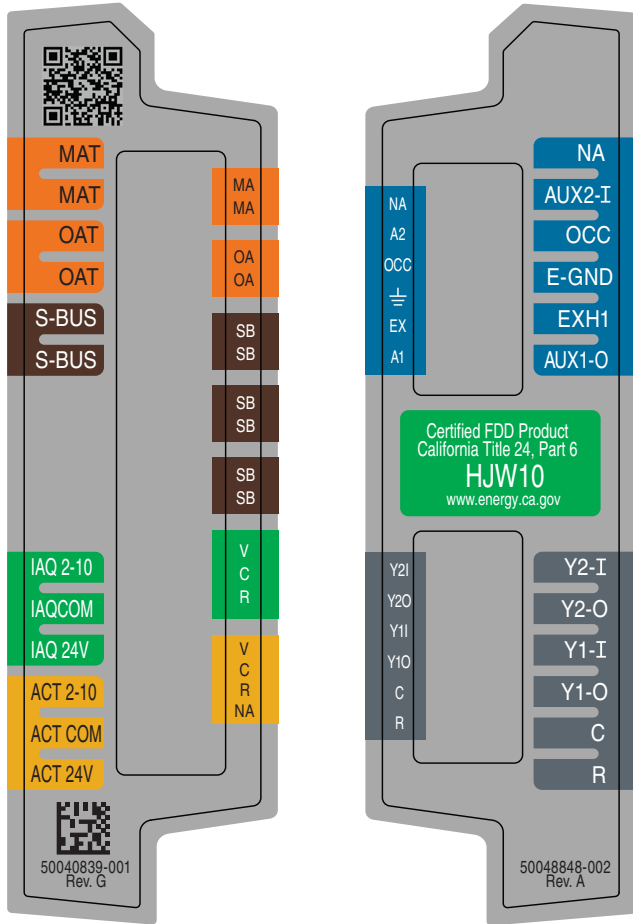
**Relative Humidity**

5% to 95% RH non-condensing

**Economizer Module Wiring Details**

Use Fig. 47 and Tables 8 and 9 to locate the wiring terminals for the Economizer module.

NOTE: The four terminal blocks are removable. Slide out each terminal block, wire it, and then slide it back into place.



**Fig. 47 — W720 Wiring Terminals**

**Table 8 — Economizer Module - Left Hand Terminal Blocks**

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
<b>Top Left Terminal Block</b>		
<b>MAT</b> <b>MAT</b>	20k NTC and COM	Mixed Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
<b>OAT</b> <b>OAT</b>	20k NTC and COM	Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
<b>S-BUS</b> <b>S-BUS</b>	S-BUS (Syk* Bus)	Enthalpy Control Sensor (Polarity Insensitive Connection)
<b>Bottom Left Terminal Block</b>		
<b>IAQ 2-10</b>	2-10 VDC	Air Quality Sensor Input (e.g. CO <sub>2</sub> sensor)
<b>IAQ COM</b>	COM	Air Quality Sensor Common
<b>IAQ 24V</b>	24 VAC	Air Quality Sensor 24 VAC Source
<b>ACT 2-10</b>	2-10 VDC	Damper Actuator Output (2-10 VDC)
<b>ACT COM</b>	COM	Damper Actuator Output Common
<b>ACT 24V</b>	24 VAC	Damper Actuator 24 VAC Source

\* Syk is a trademark of Honeywell International Inc.

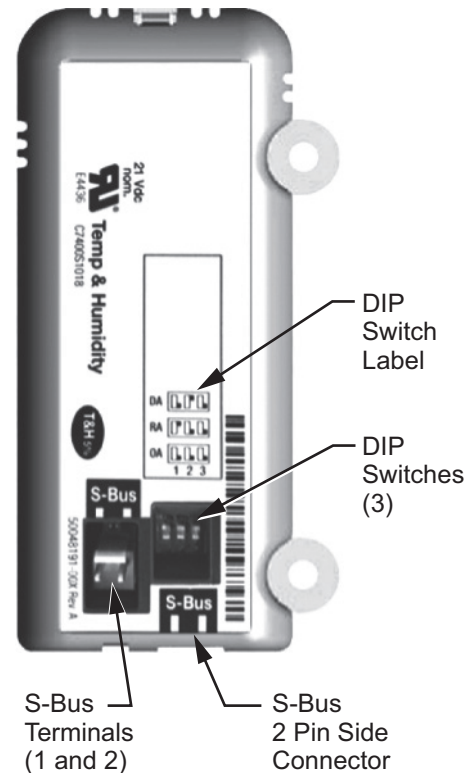
**Table 9 — Economizer Module - Right Hand Terminal Blocks**

LABEL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
<b>Top Right Terminal Blocks</b>		
<b>AUX2 I</b>	24 VAC IN	The first terminal is not used.
<b>OCC</b>	24 VAC IN	Shut Down (SD) or HEAT (W) Conventional only and Heat Pump Changeover (O-B) in Heat Pump mode.
<b>E-GND</b>	E-GND	Occupied/Unoccupied Input
<b>EXH1</b>	24 VAC OUT	Exhaust Fan 1 Output
<b>AUX1 O</b>	24 VAC OUT	Programmable: Exhaust fan 2 output or ERV or System alarm output
<b>Bottom Right Terminal Blocks</b>		
<b>Y2-I</b>	24 VAC IN	Y2 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat
<b>Y2-O</b>	24 VAC OUT	Y2 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling
<b>Y1-I</b>	24 VAC IN	Y1 in - Cooling Stage 2 Input from space thermostat
<b>Y1-O</b>	24 VAC OUT	Y1 out - Cooling Stage 2 Output to stage 2 mechanical cooling
<b>C</b>	COM	24 VAC Common
<b>R</b>	24 VAC	24 VAC Power (hot)

**S-Bus Sensor Wiring**

The labels on the sensors and controller are color coded for ease of installation. Orange labeled sensors can only be wired to orange terminals on the controller. Brown labeled sensors can only be wired to S-bus (brown) terminals. Use Fig. 48 and Table 10 to locate the wiring terminals for each S-Bus sensor.

Use Fig. 48 and Table 10 to locate the wiring terminals for each enthalpy control sensor.



**Fig. 48 — S-Bus Sensor DIP Switches**

**Table 10 — HH57AC081 Sensor Wiring Terminations**

TERMINAL		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NUMBER	LABEL		
1	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)
2	S-BUS	S-BUS	S-BUS Communications (Enthalpy Control Sensor Bus)

Use Fig. 48 and Table 11 to set the DIP switches for the desired use of the sensor.

**Table 11 — HH57AC081 Sensor DIP Switch**

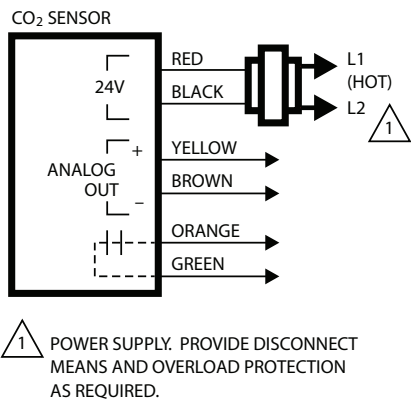
USE	DIP SWITCH POSITIONS FOR SWITCHES 1, 2, AND 3		
	1	2	3
DA	OFF	ON	OFF
RA	ON	OFF	OFF
OA	OFF	OFF	OFF

NOTE: When an S-Bus sensor is connected to an existing network, it will take 60 minutes for the network to recognize and auto-configure itself to use the new sensor.

During the 60 minute setup period, no alarms for sensor failures (except SAT) will be issued and no economizing function will be available.

**CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Wiring**

When using a CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the black and brown common wires are internally connected and only one is connected to “IAQ COM” on the W7220. Use the power from the W7220 to power the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor OR make sure the ground for the power supplies are common. See Fig. 49 for CO<sub>2</sub> sensor wiring.



1 POWER SUPPLY. PROVIDE DISCONNECT MEANS AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION AS REQUIRED.

**Fig. 49 — CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Wiring**

**Interface Overview**

This section describes how to use the economizer’s user interface for:

- Keypad and menu navigation
- Settings and parameter changes
- Menu structure and selection

**User Interface**

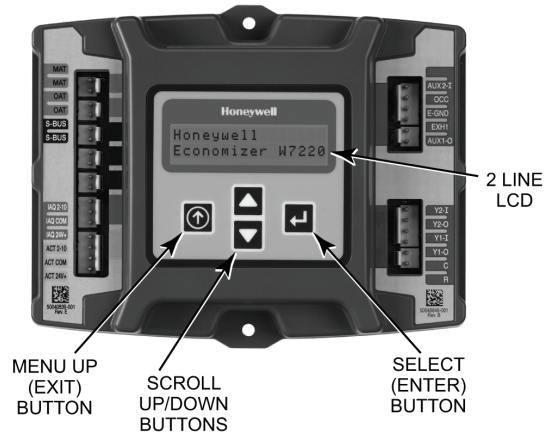
The user interface consists of a 2-line LCD display and a 4-button keypad on the front of the economizer controller.

**Keypad**

Use the four navigation buttons (see Fig. 50) to scroll through the menus and menu items, select menu items, and to change parameter and configuration settings.

To use the keypad when working with menus:

- Press the ▲ (Up arrow) button to move to the previous menu.
- Press the ▼ (Down arrow) button to move to the next menu.
- Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
- Press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to exit a menu’s item and return to the list of menus.



**Fig. 50 — W7220 Controller Navigation Buttons**

To use the keypad when working with Setpoints, System and Advanced Settings, Checkout tests and Alarms:

1. Navigate to the desired menu.
2. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the first item in the currently displayed menu.
3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to scroll to the desired parameter.
4. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to display the value of the currently displayed item.
5. Press the ▲ button to increase (change) the displayed parameter value.
6. Press the ▼ button to decrease (change) the displayed parameter value.

NOTE: When values are displayed, pressing and holding the ▲ or ▼ button causes the display to automatically increment or decrement.

1. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to accept the displayed value and store it in nonvolatile RAM. “CHANGE STORED” displays.
2. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to return to the current menu parameter.
3. Press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to return to the previous menu.

**Menu Structure**

Table 12 illustrates the complete hierarchy of menus and parameters for the EconoMi\$er® X system.

The Menus in display order are:

- STATUS
- SETPOINTS
- SYSTEM SETUP
- ADVANCED SETUP
- CHECKOUT
- ALARMS



**IMPORTANT:** Table 12 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration.

For example, if you do not have a DCV (CO<sub>2</sub>) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear and only MIN POS will display. If you have a CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the DCV MIN and DCV MAX will appear AND if you have 2 speed fan DCV MIN (high and low speed) and DCV MAX (high and low speed will appear).

**NOTE:** Some parameters in the menus use the letters MA or MAT, indicating a mixed air temperature sensor location before the cooling coil. This unit application has the control sensor located after the cooling coil, in the fan section, where it is designated as (Cooling) Supply Air Temperature or SAT sensor.

### Setup and Configuration

Before being placed into service, the W7220 economizer module must be set up and configured for the installed system.

**IMPORTANT:** During setup, the economizer module is live at all times.

The setup process uses a hierarchical menu structure that is easy to use. Press the ▲ and ▼ arrow buttons to move forward and backward through the menus and press the ↵ (Enter) button to select and confirm setup item changes.

### Time-Out and Screensaver

When no buttons have been pressed for 10 minutes, the LCD displays a screen saver, which cycles through the Status items. Each Status item displays in turn and cycles to the next item after 5 seconds.

**Table 12 — W7220 Menu Structure\***

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT†	EXPANDED PARAMETER NAME NOTES
STATUS	ECON AVAIL	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) YES = economizing available; the system can use outside air for free cooling when required
	ECONOMIZING	NO	YES/NO	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT YES = outside air being used for first stage cooling
	OCCUPIED	NO	YES/NO	OCCUPIED YES = OCC signal received from space thermostat or unitary controller YES = 24 vac on terminal OCC NO = 0 vac on terminal OCC
	HEAT PUMP	N/A**	COOL HEAT	HEAT PUMP MODE Displays COOL or HEAT when system is set to heat pump (Non-conventional)
	COOL Y1—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y1-IN) Y1-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for cooling stage 1. ON = 24 vac on terminal Y1-I OFF = 0 vac on terminal Y1-I
	COOL Y1—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	FIRST STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool stage 1 Relay Output to stage 1 mechanical cooling (Y1—OUT terminal)
	COOL Y2—IN	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING DEMAND (Y2-IN) Y2-I signal from space thermostat or unitary controller for second stage cooling. ON = 24 vac on terminal Y2-I OFF = 0 vac on terminal Y2-I
	COOL Y2—OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	SECOND STAGE COOLING RELAY OUTPUT Cool Stage 2 Relay Output to mechanical cooling (Y2—OUT terminal)
	MA TEMP	____ °F (or ____ °C)	-40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 66°C)	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE, Cooling Mode Displays value of measured mixed air from MAT sensor. Displays ____ °F if not connected, short or out of range.
	DA TEMP	____ °F (or ____ °C)	-40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 66°C)	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE, after Heating section Displays when Discharge Air Syk Bus sensor is connected and displays measured discharge temperature. Displays ____ °F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out of range.
	OA TEMP	____ °F (or ____ °C)	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)	OUTSIDE AIR TEMP Displays measured value of outdoor air temperature. Displays ____ °F if sensor sends invalid value, short or out of range.
	OA HUM	__ %	0 to 100%	OUTSIDE AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of outdoor humidity from OA Syk Bus sensor. Displays __ % if not connected short, or out of range.
	RA TEMP	____ °F (or ____ °C)	0°F to 140°F (-18°C to 60°C)	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE Displays measured value of return air temperature from RAT Syk Bus sensor. Displays ____ °F if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out of range.

**Table 12 — W7220 Menu Structure\* (cont)**

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT†	EXPANDED PARAMETER NAME NOTES
<b>STATUS (cont)</b>	RA HUM	-- %	0 to 100%	RETURN AIR RELATIVE HUMIDITY Displays measured value of return air humidity from RA Syk Bus sensor. Displays -- % if sensor sends invalid value, if not connected, short or out of range
	IN CO2	--- ppm	0 to 2000 ppm	SPACE/RETURN AIR CO <sub>2</sub> Displays value of measured CO <sub>2</sub> from CO <sub>2</sub> sensor. Invalid if not connected, short or out of range. May be adjusted in Advanced menu by Zero offset and Span.
	DCV STATUS	N/A	ON/OFF	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION STATUS Displays ON if above set point and OFF if below set point, and ONLY if a CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected.
	DAMPER OUT	2.0v	2.0 to 10.0v	Displays voltage output to the damper actuator.***
	ACT POS	N/A	0 to 100%	Displays actual position of actuator
	ACT COUNT	N/A	1 to 65,535	Displays number of times actuator has cycled. 1 cycle equals 180 degrees of actuator movement in any direction.
	ACTUATOR	N/A	OK/Alarm (on Alarm menu)	Displays ERROR if voltage or torque is below actuator range.
	EXH1 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 1 RELAY OUTPUT Displays ON when damper position reaches programmed percentage set point. Output of EXH1 terminal: ON = relay closed OFF = relay open
	EXH2 OUT	OFF	ON/OFF	EXHAUST STAGE 2 RELAY OUTPUT Output of AUX1 O terminal Displays ON when damper position reaches programmed percentage set point. ON = 24 vac output OFF = No output Displays only if AUX1 O = EXH2
	ERV	OFF	ON/OFF	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR Output of AUX1 O terminal; displays only if AUX1 O = ERV ON = 24 vac output OFF = No Output
	MECH COOL ON or HEAT STAGES ON	0	0, 1, or 2	Displays stage of mechanical cooling that is active. Displays the stage of heat pump heating that is active.
	FAN SPEED	N/A	LOW or HIGH	SUPPLY FAN SPEED Displays speed setting of fan on a 2-speed fan unit.
	W (HEAT IN)	N/A	ON/OFF	HEAT DEMAND STATUS Displays status of heat demand on a 2-speed fan unit.
<b>SETPOINTS</b>	MAT SET	53°F (12°C)	38°F to 70°F (3°C to 21°C); increment by 1°F	SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT The economizer will modulate the OA damper to maintain the mixed air temperature at the set point
	LOW T LOCK	32°F (0°C)	-45°F to 80°F (-43°C to 27°C); increment by 1°F	COMPRESSOR LOW TEMPERATURE LOCKOUT Set point determines outdoor temperature when the mechanical cooling cannot be turned on. Commonly referred to as the Compressor lockout. At or below the set point, the Y1-O and Y2-O will not be energized on the controller.
	DRYBLB SET	63°F (17°C)	48°F to 80°F (9°C to 27°C); increment by 1°F	OA DRY BULB TEMPERATURE CHANGEOVER SETPOINT Dry bulb set point will only appear if using dry bulb changeover. Set point determines where the economizer will assume outdoor air temperature is good for free cooling; e.g.; at 63°F unit will economize at 62°F and below and not economize at 64°F and above. There is a 2°F deadband.
	ENTH CURVE	ES3	ES1,ES2,ES3,ES4, or ES5	ENTHALPY CHANGEOVER CURVE ES curve will only appear if using enthalpy changeover. Enthalpy boundary "curves" for economizing using single enthalpy. See page 41 for description of enthalpy curves.
	DCV SET	1100ppm	500 to 2000 ppm; increment by 100	DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION Displays only if CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected. Set point for Demand Controlled Ventilation of space. Above the set point, the OA dampers will modulate open to bring in additional OA to maintain a space ppm level below the set point.
	MIN POS	2.8 V	2 to 10 vdc	VENTILATION MINIMUM POSITION Displays ONLY if a CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is NOT connected. With 2-speed fan units, MIN POS L (low speed fan) and MIN POS H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for MIN POS L is 3.2V and MIN POS H is 2.8V.

**Table 12 — W7220 Menu Structure\* (cont)**

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT†	EXPANDED PARAMETER NAME NOTES
SETPOINTS (cont)	VENTMAX	2.8 V	2 to 10 vdc	DCV MAXIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected. Used for Vbz (ventilation max cfm) set point. VENTMAX is the same setting as MIN POS would be if unit did not have CO <sub>2</sub> sensor.
			100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO <sub>2</sub> sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.
			2 to 10 vdc	With 2-speed fan units, VENTMAX L (low speed fan) and VENTMAX H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMAX L is 3.2V and VENTMAX H is 2.8V
	VENTMIN	2.25 V	2 to 10 vdc or 100 to 9990 cfm increment by 10	DCV MINIMUM DAMPER POSITION Displays only if a CO <sub>2</sub> sensor is connected. Used for Va (ventilation min cfm) set point. This is the ventilation for less than maximum occupancy of the space.
			100 to 9990 cfm; increment by 10	If OA, MA, RA, and CO <sub>2</sub> sensors are connected and DCV CAL ENABLE is set to AUTO mode, the OA dampers are controlled by CFM and displays from 100 to 9990 CFM.
			2 to 10 vdc	With 2-speed fan units VENTMIN L (low speed fan) and VENTMIN H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for VENTMIN L is 2.5V and VENTMIN H is 2.25V
ERV OAT SP††	32°F (0°C)	0°F to 50°F (-18°C to 10°C); increment by 1 degree	ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR UNIT OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE SETPOINT Only when AUX1 O = ERV	
EXH1 SET	50%	0 to 100%; increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 1 SETPOINT Set point for OA damper position when exhaust fan 1 is powered by the economizer. With 2-speed fan units, Exh1 L (low speed fan) and Exh1 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh1 L is 65% and Exh1 H is 50%	
EXH2 SET	75%	0 to 100%; increment by 1	EXHAUST FAN STAGE 2 SETPOINT Set point for OA damper position when exhaust fan 2 is powered by the economizer. Only used when AUX1 O is set to EXH2. With 2-speed fan units, Exh2 L (low speed fan) and Exh2 H (high speed fan) settings are required. Default for Exh2 L is 80% and Exh2 H is 75%	
SYSTEM SETUP	INSTALL	01/01/10	N/A	Display order = MM/DD/YY Setting order = DD, MM, then YY.
	UNITS DEG	°F	°F or °C	Sets economizer controller in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius
	EQUIPMENT	CONV	CONV or HP	CONV = conventional; HP O/B = Enable Heat Pump mode. Use AUX2 I for Heat Pump input from thermostat or controller.
	AUX2 IN	W	Shutdown (SD) Heat (W1) HP(O) HP(B)	In CONV mode: SD = Enables configuration of shutdown (default); W = Informs controller that system is in heating mode. NOTE: If using 2-speed fan mode, you must program CONV mode for W. Shutdown is not available in 2-speed fan mode. In HP O/B mode: HP(O) = energize heat pump on Cool (default); HP(B) = energize heat pump on heat.
	FAN SPEED	2 speed	1 speed/2 speed	Sets the economizer controller for operation of 1 speed or 2 speed supply fan. The controller does not control the fan, but positions the OA and RA dampers to heating or cooling mode. NOTE: 2-speed fan option also needs Heat (W1) programmed in AUX 2 In.
	FAN CFM	5000 cfm	100 to 15000 cfm; increment by 100	UNIT DESIGN AIRFLOW (CFM) Enter only if using DCVCAL ENA = AUTO This is the capacity of the RTU. The value is found on the nameplate label for the specific unit.
	AUX1 OUT	NONE	NONE ERV EXH2 SYS	Select OUTPUT for AUX1 O relay • NONE = not configured (output is not used) • ERV = Energy Recovery Ventilator†† • EXH2 = second damper position 24 vac out for second exhaust fan • SYS = use output as an alarm signal
	OCC	INPUT	INPUT or ALWAYS	OCCUPIED MODE BY EXTERNAL SIGNAL When using a setback thermostat with occupancy out (24 vac), the 24 vac is input "INPUT" to the OCC terminal. If no occupancy output from the thermostat, then change program to "ALWAYS" OR add a jumper from terminal R to OCC terminal.
	FACTORY DEFAULT	NO	NO or YES	Resets all set points to factory defaults when set to YES. LCD will briefly flash YES and change to NO but all parameters will change to the factory default values.
ADVANCED SETUP	MA LO SET	45°F (7°C)	35°F to 65°F (2°C to 18°C); Increment by 1°F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE LOW LIMIT Temperature to activate Freeze Protection (close damper or modulate to MIN POS if temp falls below set value).

**Table 12 — W7220 Menu Structure\* (cont)**

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT†	EXPANDED PARAMETER NAME NOTES
<b>ADVANCED SETUP (cont)</b>	FREEZE POS	CLO	CLO or MIN	FREEZE PROTECTION DAMPER POSITION Damper position when freeze protection is active (closed or MIN POS).
	CO2 ZERO	0ppm	0 to 500 ppm; Increment by 10	CO <sub>2</sub> ppm level to match CO <sub>2</sub> sensor start level.
	CO2 SPAN	2000ppm	1000 to 3000 ppm; Increment by 50	CO <sub>2</sub> ppm span to match CO <sub>2</sub> sensor; e.g.: 500-1500 sensor output would be 500 CO <sub>2</sub> zero and 1000 CO <sub>2</sub> span.
	STG3 DLY	2.0h	0 min, 5 min, 15 min, then 15 min intervals. Up to 4 hrs or OFF	COOLING STAGE 3 DELAY Delay after stage 2 cool has been active. Turns on second stage of cooling when economizer is first stage call and mechanical cooling is second stage call. Allows three stages of cooling, 1 economizer and 2 mechanical. OFF = no Stage 3 cooling
	SD DMPR POS	CLO	CLO or OPN	Indicates shutdown signal from space thermostat or unitary controller. When controller receives 24 vac input on the SD terminal in conventional mode, the OA damper will open if programmed for OPN and OA damper will close if programmed for CLO. All other controls, e.g., fans, etc. will shut off.
	DA LO ALM	45°F (7°C)	NONE 35°F to 65°F (2°C to 18°C); Increment by 5°F	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too low. Set lower range of alarm, below this temperature the alarm will show on the display.
	DA HI ALM	80°F (27°C)	NONE 70°F to 180°F (21°C to 82°C); Increment by 5°F	Used for alarm for when the DA air temperature is too high. Sets upper range of alarm; above this temperature, the alarm will show on the display.
	DCVCAL ENA	MAN	MAN (manual) AUTO	Turns on the DCV automatic control of the dampers. Resets ventilation based on the RA, OA, and MA sensor conditions. Requires all (RA, OA, MA, CO <sub>2</sub> ) sensors. This operation is not operable with a 2-speed fan unit.
	MAT T CAL	0.0°F	± 2.5°F	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OAS T CAL	0.0°F	± 2.5°F	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	OA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	OUTSIDE AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	RA T CAL	0.0°F	± 2.5°F	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	RA H CAL	0% RH	±10% RH	RETURN AIR HUMIDITY CALIBRATION Allows for operator to adjust for an out of calibration humidity sensor.
	DA T CAL	0.0°F	± 2.5°F	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION Allows for the operator to adjust for an out of calibration temperature sensor.
	2SP FAN DELAY	5 Minutes	0 to 20 minutes in 1 minute increments	TIME DELAY ON SECOND STAGE ECONOMIZING When in economizing mode, this is the delay for the high speed fan to try to satisfy the call for second stage cooling before the first stage mechanical cooling is enabled.
<b>CHECKOUT***</b>	DAMPER MINIMUM POSITION	N/A	N/A	The checkout for the damper minimum position is based on the system. See Table 13.
	DAMPER OPEN	N/A	N/A	Position damper to the full open position. Exhaust fan contacts enable during the DAMPER OPEN test. Make sure to pause in the mode to allow exhaust contacts to energize due to the delay in the system.
	DAMPER CLOSE	N/A	N/A	Positions damper to the fully closed position
	CONNECT Y1-O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y1-O relay (Y1-O)
	CONNECT Y2-O	N/A	N/A	Closes the Y2-O relay (Y2-O)
	CONNECT AUX1-O	N/A	N/A	Energizes the AUX output. If Aux setting is: • NONE — no action taken • ERV — 24 vac out. Turns on or signals an ERV that the conditions are not good for economizing but are for ERV operation.†† • SYS — 24 vac out. Issues a system alarm
CONNECT EXH1	N/A	N/A	Closes the power exhaust fan 1 relay (EXH1)	
<b>ALARMS</b>	Alarms display only when they are active. The menu title "ALARMS(#)" includes the number of active alarms in parenthesis ( ). When using SYLK bus sensors, "SYLK" will appear on the screen, and when using 20k OA temperature sensors, "SENS T" will appear on the screen			
	MA T SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	SUPPLY AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Mixed air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring, then replace sensor if the alarm continues.

**Table 12 — W7220 Menu Structure\* (cont)**

MENU	PARAMETER	PARAMETER DEFAULT VALUE	PARAMETER RANGE AND INCREMENT†	EXPANDED PARAMETER NAME NOTES
<b>ALARMS (cont)</b>	CO2 SENS ERR	N/A	N/A	CO <sub>2</sub> SENSOR ERROR CO <sub>2</sub> sensor has failed, gone out of range or become disconnected - check wiring then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR
	OA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	Outdoor air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring, then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	RA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	RETURN AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR
	RA SYLK H ERR	N/A	N/A	Return air enthalpy sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring, then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	DA SYLK T ERR	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR S-BUS SENSOR ERROR
				Discharge air sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring, then replace sensor if the alarm continues.
	OA SENS T ERR	N/A	N/A	OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ERROR Outdoor air temperature sensor has failed or become disconnected - check wiring, then replace if the alarm continues.
	ACT ERROR	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR ERROR Actuator has failed or become disconnected - check for stall, over voltage, under voltage and actuator count. Replace actuator if damper is movable and supply voltage is between 21.6 V and 26.4 V. Check actuator count on STATUS menu.
	FREEZE ALARM	N/A	N/A	Check if outdoor temperature is below the LOW Temp Lockout on set point menu. Check if Mixed air temperature on STATUS menu is below the Lo Set point on Advanced menu. When conditions are back in normal range, the alarm will go away.
	SHUTDOWN ACTIVE	N/A	N/A	AUX2 IN is programmed for SHUTDOWN and 24 V has been applied to AUX2 IN terminal.
	DMP CAL RUNNING	N/A	N/A	DAMPER CALIBRATION ROUTINE RUNNING If DCV Auto enable has been programmed, this alarm will display when the W7220 is completing a calibration on the dampers. Wait until the calibration is completed and the alarm will go away. Must have OA, MA and RA sensors for DCV calibration; set up is in the Advanced setup menu.
	DA SENS ALM	N/A	N/A	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR ALARM Discharge air temperature is out of the range set in the ADVANCED SETUP Menu. Check the temperature of the discharge air.
	SYS ALARM	N/A	N/A	When AUX1-O is set to SYS and there is any alarm (e.g., failed sensors, etc.), the AUX1-O terminal has 24 vac out.
ACT UNDER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE LOW Voltage received by actuator is above expected range.	
ACT OVER V	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR VOLTAGE HIGH Voltage received by actuator is below expected range.	
ACT STALLED	N/A	N/A	ACTUATOR STALLED Actuator stopped before achieving commanded position.	

**LEGEND**

- CLO** — Compressor Lockout
- ERV** — Energy Recovery Ventilator
- LCD** — Liquid Crystal Display
- MA** — Mixed Air
- MAT** — Mixed Air Temperature
- N/A** — Not Applicable
- OA** — Outdoor Air
- OAT** — Outdoor Air Temperature
- OCC** — Occupied
- RA** — Return Air
- RAT** — Return Air Temperature
- RTU** — Rooftop Unit
- SYS** — System

\* Table 12 illustrates the complete hierarchy. Your menu parameters may be different depending on your configuration. For example if you do not have a DCV (CO<sub>2</sub>) sensor, then none of the DCV parameters appear.

† When values are displayed, pressing and holding the ▲ or ▼ button causes the display to automatically increment.

\*\* N/A = Not Applicable.

†† ERV Operation: When in cooling mode AND the conditions are NOT OK for economizing - the ERV terminal will be energized. In the Heating mode, the ERV terminal will be energized when the OA is below the ERV OAT setpoint in the setpoint menu.

\*\*\* After 10 minutes without a command or mode change, the controller will change to normal operation.

**NOTES:**

1. STATUS → OCCUPIED — The factory-standard Occupancy signal originates with a thermostat or other controller call for indoor fan operation at CTB terminal G. This signal passes through the Central Terminal Board's OCCUPIED jumper JMP1 to the ECONO connector and to the W7220's OCC input terminal. An external timeclock or relay is required to implement an Occupancy schedule on the economizer damper position.
2. STATUS → MA TEMP, SETPOINTS → MAT SET — The W7220 menu parameters and labels include designations MA, MAT and Mixed Air for the economizer cooling control sensor. On these rooftop units, the economizer control sensor is located downstream of the evaporator/indoor coil in the supply fan section where this sensor is designated as Supply Air Temperature (SAT) sensor.
3. SETPOINTS → DRYBLB SET — This point is not displayed if a Return Air (differential) temperature sensor or an Outdoor Air enthalpy sensor is connected.
4. SYSTEM SETUP parameters must be configured as noted for 2-Speed unit operation:  
EQUIPMENT = CONV  
AUX2 I = W  
FAN SPEED = 2SPEED

For damper minimum position settings and checkout menu readings, see Table 13. For dry bulb operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 14 and 15. For enthalpy operation with a 1 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 16 and 17. For dry bulb operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 18 and 19. For enthalpy operation with a 2 speed indoor fan, with or without DCV, see Tables 20 and 21.

**Table 13 — Damper Minimum Position Settings and Readings on Checkout Menu**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (CO <sub>2</sub> SENSOR)	FAN SPEED	SETPOINTS	CHECKOUT
NO	1	MIN POS	VMAX-HS
		N/A	N/A
	2	MIN POS H	VMAX-HS
MIN POS L		VMAX-LS	
YES	1	VENT MIN	VMAX-HS
		VENT MAX	VMAX-HS
	2	VENT MIN H	VMAX-HS
		VENT MAX H	VMAX-LS
		VENT MIN L	N/A
		VENT MAX L	N/A

**Table 14 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 15 — Dry Bulb Operation with DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 16 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 17 — Enthalpy Operation with DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 1 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	HIGH	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 18 — Dry Bulb Operation No DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NONE	NO	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
NONE	YES	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 19 — Dry Bulb Operation with DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 20 — Enthalpy Operation No DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
NO CO <sub>2</sub> SENSOR	NO	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	MIN POS	Closed
	YES	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	MIN POS to Full Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.

**Table 21 — Enthalpy Operation with DCV (CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor) — 2 Speed Fan**

DEMAND CONTROLLED VENTILATION (DCV)	OUTSIDE AIR GOOD TO ECONOMIZE	Y1-I	Y2-I	FAN SPEED	Y1-O	Y2-O	OCCUPIED	UNOCCUPIED
Below CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
Above CO <sub>2</sub> Set	No	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	24v/On	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	24v/On	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
	Yes	OFF	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to VENTMAX	Closed
		ON	OFF	LOW	0v/Off	0v/Off	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open
		ON	ON	HIGH	24v/On	0v/Off*	VENTMIN to Full-Open	Closed to Full-Open

\*With stage 3 delay (STG3 DLY) in Advanced setup menu, second stage of mechanical cooling Y2-O can be turned on after the delay if the calls for Y1-I and Y2-I have not been satisfied.



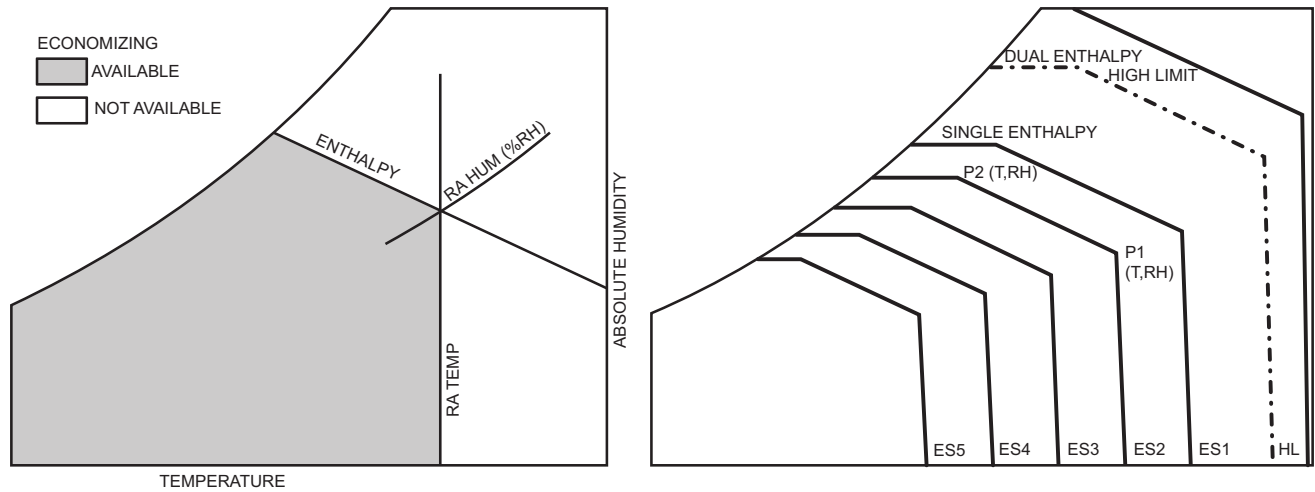


Fig. 51 — Single Enthalpy Curve Boundaries

Table 22 — Single Enthalpy and Dual Enthalpy High Limit Curves

ENTHALPY CURVE	TEMP. DRY BULB (F)	TEMP. DEWPOINT (F)	ENTHALPY (BTU/LB/DA)	POINT P1		POINT P2	
				TEMP. (F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)	TEMP. (F)	HUMIDITY (%RH)
ES1	80	60	28.0	80	36.8	66.3	80.1
ES2	75	57	26.0	75	39.6	63.3	80.0
ES3	70	54	24.0	70	42.3	59.7	81.4
ES4	65	51	22.0	65	44.8	55.7	84.2
ES5	60	48	20.0	60	46.9	51.3	88.5
HL	86	66	32.4	86	38.9	72.4	80.3

**Enthalpy Settings**

When the OA temperature, enthalpy and dew point are below the respective setpoints, the Outdoor Air can be used for economizing. Figure 51 shows the new single enthalpy boundaries in the W7220. There are 5 boundaries (setpoints ES1 through ES5), which are defined by dry bulb temperature, enthalpy and dew point.

Refer to Table 22 for ENTH CURVE setpoint values.

The W7220 calculates the enthalpy and dew point using the OA temperature and humidity input from the OA enthalpy sensor. When the OA temperature, OA humidity and OA dew point are all below the selected boundary, the economizer sets the economizing mode to YES, economizing is available.

When all of the OA conditions are above the selected boundary, the conditions are not good to economize and the mode is set to NO.

Figure 51 shows the 5 current boundaries. There is also a high limit boundary for differential enthalpy. The high limit boundary is ES1 when there are no stages of mechanical cooling energized and HL (high limit) when a compressor stage is energized.

Table 22 provides the values for each boundary limit.

**Two-Speed Fan Operation**

The W7220 controller has the capability to work with a system using a 2-speed supply fan. The W7220 does not control the supply directly but uses the following input status to determine the speed of the supply fan and controls the OA damper to the required position, see Table 23.

Table 23 — Fan Speed

STATE	FAN SPEED
OCC	Low
Y1	Low
Y2	High
W	High

The W (heating mode) is not controlled by the W7220 but it requires the status to know where to position the OA damper for minimum position for the fan speed.

The 2 speed fan delay is available when the system is programmed for 2 speed fan (in the System Setup menu item). The 2 speed fan delay is defaulted to 5 minutes and can be changed in the Advanced Setup menu item. When the unit has a call for Y1 In and in the free cooling mode and there is a call for Y2 In, the 2-speed fan delay starts and the OA damper will modulate 100% open, the supply fan should be set to high speed by the unit controller.

After the delay, one of two actions will happen:

- The Y2 In call will be satisfied with the damper 100% open and fan on high speed and the call will turn off

OR

- If the call for additional cooling in the space has not been satisfied, then the first stage of mechanical cooling will be enabled through Y1 Out or Y2 Out.

**Checkout**

Inspect all wiring connections at the economizer module's terminals, and verify compliance with the installation wiring diagrams.

For checkout, review the Status of each configured parameter and perform the Checkout tests.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 32.

**⚠ WARNING**

**ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD**

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, property damage, or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lock(s) and lockout tag(s). Unit may have more than one power switch. Ensure electrical service to rooftop unit agrees with voltage and amperage listed on the unit rating plate.

If any wiring changes are required, first be sure to remove power from the economizer module before starting work. Pay particular attention to verifying the power connection (24 vac).

Power Up

After the W7220 module is mounted and wired, apply power.

Initial Menu Display

On initial start up, Honeywell displays on the first line and economizer W7220 on the second line. After a brief pause, the revision of the software appears on the first line and the second line is blank.

Power Loss (Outage or Brownout)

All setpoints and advanced settings are restored after any power loss or interruption.

NOTE: All settings are stored in non-volatile flash memory.

Status

Use the Status menu (see Table 12) to check the parameter values for the various devices and sensors configured.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 32.

Checkout Tests

Use the Checkout menu (see Table 12) to test the damper operation and any configured outputs. Only items that are configured are shown in the Checkout menu.

NOTE: For information about menu navigation and use of the keypad, see Interface Overview on page 32.

To perform a Checkout test:

1. Scroll to the desired test in the Checkout menu using the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
2. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to select the item. RUN? appears.
3. Press the ↵ (Enter) button to start the test. The unit pauses and then displays IN PROGRESS. When the test is complete, DONE appears.
4. When all desired parameters have been tested, press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to end the test.

The Checkout tests can all be performed at the time of installation or at any time during the operation of the system as a test that the system is operable.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**EQUIPMENT DAMAGE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Be sure to allow enough time for compressor start-up and shutdown between checkout tests so that you do not short-cycle the compressors.

**Troubleshooting**

Alarms

The economizer module provides alarm messages that display on the 2-line LCD.

NOTE: Upon power up, the module waits 60 minutes before checking for alarms. This allows time for all the configured devices (e.g. sensors, actuator) to become operational. The exception is the SAT sensor which will alarm immediately.

If one or more alarms are present and there has been no keypad activity for at least 5 minutes, the Alarms menu displays and cycles through the active alarms.

You can also navigate to the Alarms menu at any time.

Clearing Alarms

Once the alarm has been identified and the cause has been removed (e.g. replaced faulty sensor) the alarm can be cleared from the display.

To clear an alarm, perform the following:

1. Navigate to the desired alarm.
2. Press the ↵ (Enter) button. ERASE? displays.
3. Press the ↵ (Enter) button. ALARM ERASED displays.
4. Press the ⏴ (Menu Up/Exit) button to complete the action and return to the previous menu.

NOTE: If the alarm still exists after clearing it, it is redisplayed within 5 seconds.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**EQUIPMENT DAMAGE HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

Be sure to allow enough time for compressor start-up and shutdown between checkout tests so that you do not short-cycle the compressors.

**Smoke Detectors**

Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on RGH models. Smoke detectors may be specified for supply air only, for return air without or with economizer, or in combination of supply air and return air. All components necessary for operation are factory-provided and mounted. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

Units equipped with factory-optional return-air smoke detectors require a relocation of the sensor module at unit installation. See Fig. 52 for the as-shipped location.

**COMPLETING INSTALLATION OF RETURN AIR SMOKE SENSOR**

1. Unscrew the two screws holding the return-air smoke detector assembly. See Fig. 53, Step 1. Save the screws.
2. Turn the assembly 90 degrees and then rotate end to end. Make sure that the elbow fitting is pointing down. See Fig. 53, Step 2.
3. Screw the sensor and detector plate into its operating position using screws from Step 1. See Fig. 53, Step 3.
4. Connect the flexible tube on the sampling inlet to the sampling tube on the basepan.

**ADDITIONAL APPLICATION DATA**

Refer to the Application Data sheet titled, *Factory Installed Smoke Detectors for Small and Medium Rooftop Units 2 to 25 Tons* for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination.

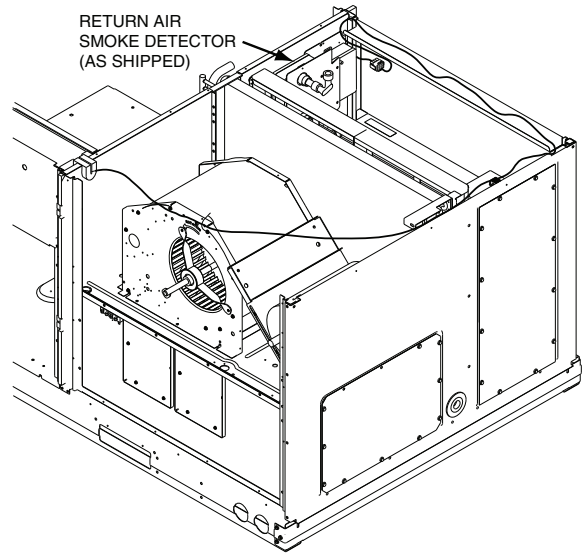
**2-Speed Indoor Fan Motor with Variable Frequency Drive (Factory Option)**

For details on operating RGH 2-stage cooling units equipped with the factory-installed 2-speed Indoor Fan Motor option, refer to the *Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Installation, Setup and Troubleshooting Supplement*.

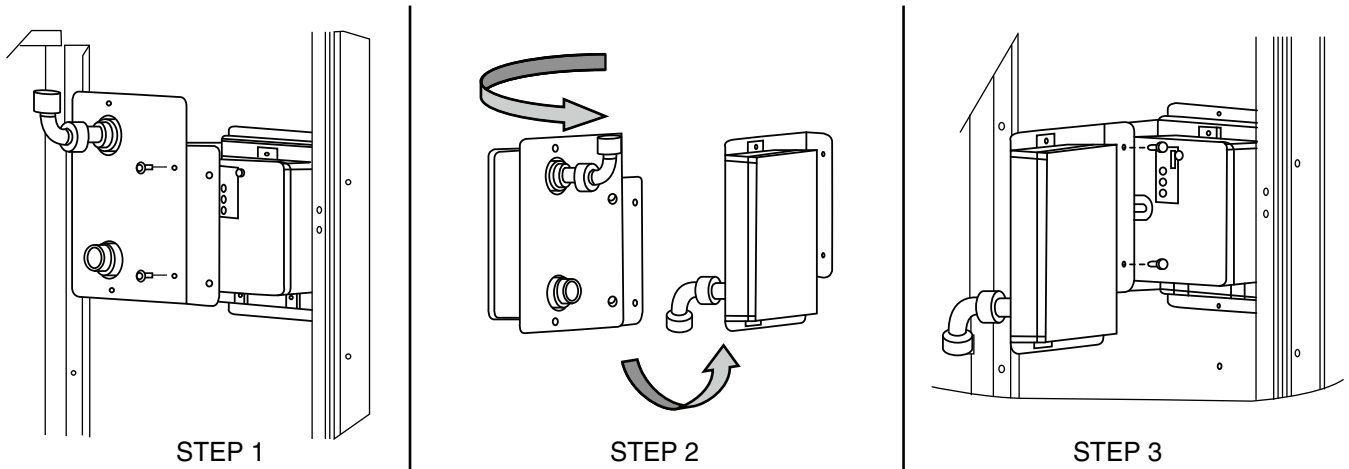
**Controller Options**

**LOW AMBIENT CONTROL (FACTORY OPTION)**

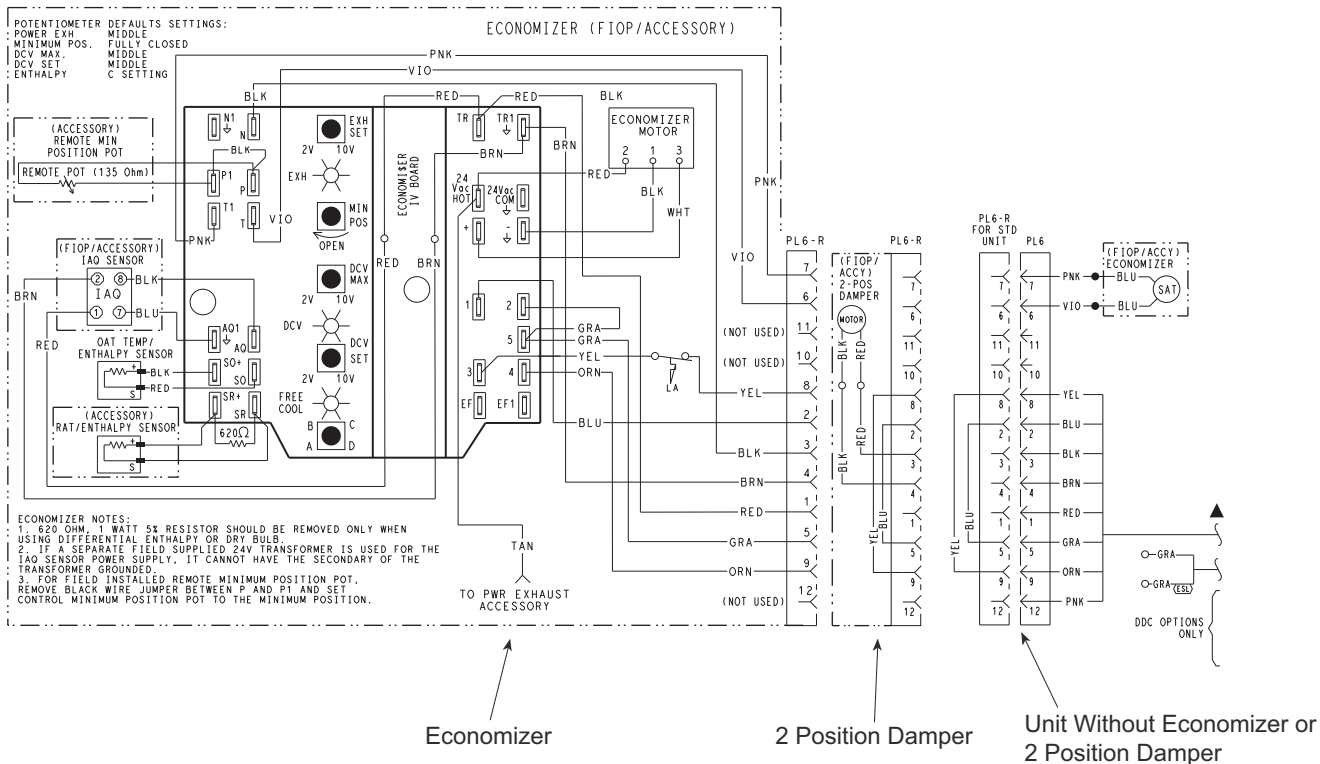
If the unit comes with Electro-Mechanical (EM) control, then no adjustment is necessary.



**Fig. 52 — Return Air Smoke Detector, Shipping Position**



**Fig. 53 — Completing Installation of Return Air Smoke Sensor**



**Fig. 54 — EconoMi\$er®IV Wiring**

**Step 13 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options**

**SMOKE DETECTORS**

Smoke detector(s) will be connected at the Controls Connections Board, at terminals marked “Smoke Shutdown.” Cut jumper JMP 3 when ready to energize unit.

**ECONOMI\$ER IV OCCUPANCY SWITCH**

Refer to Fig. 54 for general EconoMi\$er IV wiring. External occupancy control is managed through a connection on the Controls Connections Board.

If external occupancy control is desired, connect a time clock or remotely controlled switch (closed for Occupied, open for Unoccupied sequence) at terminals marked OC-CUPANCY. Cut jumper JMP 2 to complete the installation.

**Step 14 — Install Accessories**

Available accessories include:

- Roof Curb
- Thru-base connection kit (must be installed before unit is set on curb)
- LP conversion kit
- Flue discharge deflector
- Manual outside air damper
- Two-Position motorized outside air damper
- EconoMi\$er IV (with control)
- Power Exhaust
- Differential dry-bulb sensor (EconoMi\$er IV)
- Outdoor enthalpy sensor
- Differential enthalpy sensor

- CO<sub>2</sub> sensor
- Louvered hail guard
- Motormaster® head pressure controls
- Phase monitor control

Refer to separate installation instructions for information on installing these accessories.

**Step 15 — Check Belt Tension**

Measure the belt span length as shown in Fig. 55. Calculate the required deflection by multiplying the belt span length by 1/64. For example, if the belt span length is 32 inches:

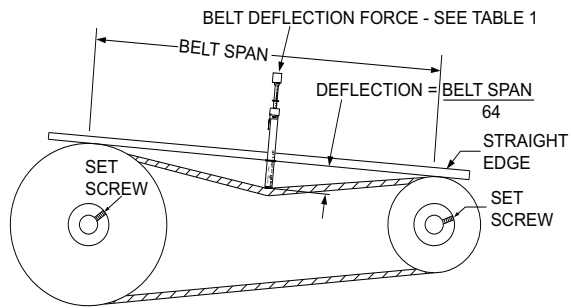
$$32 \times 1/64 = 1/2 \text{ inch deflection.}$$

**BELT FORCE — DEFLECTION METHOD**

Check the belt tension with a spring-force belt force deflection gage (available from drive belt manufacturer).

1. Place a straightedge along the belt between the two pulleys. Measure the distance between the motor shaft and the blower shaft.
2. Set the tension gage to the desired tension (see Table 1 in Fig. 55). Place the large O-ring at that point.
3. Press the tension checker downward on the belt until the large O-ring is at the bottom of the straightedge.
4. Adjust the belt tension as needed.

Adjust belt tension by loosening the motor mounting plate front bolts and rear bolt (see Fig. 56) and slide the plate towards the fan (to reduce tension) or away from the fan (to increase tension). Ensure the blower shaft and motor shaft are parallel to each other (pulleys aligned). Tighten all bolts securely when finished.



TORQUE ALL SHEAVE SET SCREWS TO 110-130 in. lbs

TABLE 1

BELT CROSS SECTION	SMALLEST SHEAVE DIAMETER	BELT DEFLECTION FORCE (LBS)			
		UNNOTCHED BELTS		NOTCHED BELTS	
		USED	NEW	USED	NEW
A, AX	3.0-3.6	3.7	5.5	4.1	6.1
	3.8-4.8	4.5	6.8	5.0	7.4
	5.0-7.0	5.4	8.0	5.7	8.4
B, BX	3.4-4.2	—	—	4.9	7.2
	4.4-5.6	5.3	7.9	7.1	10.5
	5.8-8.6	6.3	9.4	8.5	12.6

TABLE 2

BELT CONDITION	TENSION FORCE IN BELT (LBS)
NEW	100
USED	80

Fig. 55 — V-Belt Force Label

### BELT TENSION METHOD

Requires belt tension gage that measures tension in belt in units of lbs force.

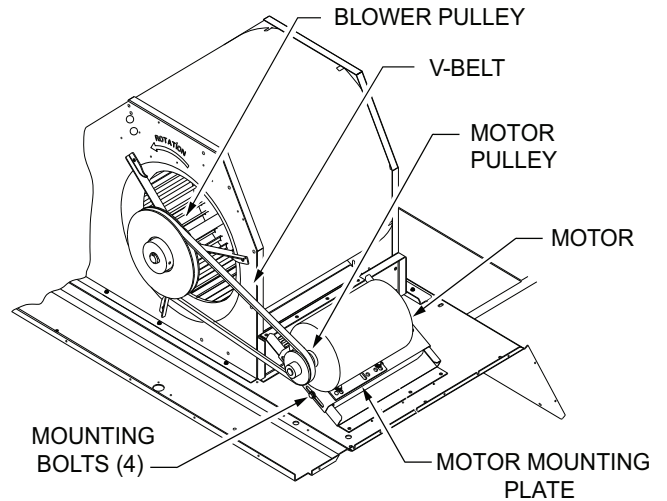


Fig. 56 — Belt Drive Motor Mounting

### Pre-Start and Start-Up

This completes the mechanical installation of the unit. Refer to the unit's Service Manual for detailed Pre-Start and Start-Up instructions. Download the latest versions from HVAC Partners ([www.hvacpartners.com](http://www.hvacpartners.com)).





START-UP CHECKLIST FOR RGH 072-120 SINGLE PACKAGE ROOFTOP  
GAS HEATING/ELECTRIC COOLING UNIT  
(REMOVE AND USE FOR JOB FILE)

**NOTE: To avoid injury to personnel and damage to equipment or property when completing the procedures listed in this start-up checklist, use good judgment, follow safe practices, and adhere to the safety considerations/information as outlined in preceding sections of this Installation Instruction document.**

**I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION**

MODEL NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 JOB NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 SERIAL NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
 START-UP DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
 TECHNICIAN NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDITIONAL ACCESSORIES \_\_\_\_\_

**II. PRE-START-UP**

Verify that all packaging materials have been removed from unit (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify installation of outdoor air hood (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify installation of flue exhaust and inlet hood (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that condensate connection is installed per instructions (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that all electrical connections and terminals are tight (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify gas pressure to unit gas valve is within specified range (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Check gas piping for leaks (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Check that indoor-air filters are clean and in place (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Check that outdoor air inlet screens are in place (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that unit is level (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Check fan wheels and propeller for location in housing/orifice and verify setscrew is tight (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that fan sheaves are aligned and belts are properly tensioned (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that scroll compressors are rotating in the correct direction (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify installation of thermostat (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Verify that crankcase heaters have been energized for at least 24 hours (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**III. START-UP**

**ELECTRICAL**

Supply Voltage	L1-L2 _____	L2-L3 _____	L3-L1 _____
Compressor Amps 1	L1 _____	L2 _____	L3 _____
Compressor Amps 2	L1 _____	L2 _____	L3 _____
Supply Fan Amps	L1 _____	L2 _____	L3 _____

**TEMPERATURES**

Outdoor-air Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ °F DB (Dry Bulb)  
 Return-air Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ °F DB      \_\_\_\_\_ °F Wb (Wet Bulb)  
 Cooling Supply Air Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ °F  
 Gas Heat Supply Air \_\_\_\_\_ °F

**PRESSURES**

Gas Inlet Pressure in. wg \_\_\_\_\_ in. wg  
Gas Manifold Pressure STAGE 1 \_\_\_\_\_ in. wg  
STAGE 2 \_\_\_\_\_ in. wg  
Refrigerant Suction CIRCUIT A \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG  
CIRCUIT B \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG  
Refrigerant Discharge CIRCUIT A \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG  
CIRCUIT B \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG  
Verify Refrigerant Charge using Charging Charts (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**GENERAL**

Economizer minimum vent and changeover settings to job requirements (if equipped) (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
Verify smoke detector unit shutdown by utilizing magnet test (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. HOT GAS RE-HEAT START-UP**

**STEPS**

- 1. Check CTB for jumper 5, 6, 7 (Jumper 5, 6, 7 must be cut and open) (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Open humidistat contacts (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Start unit In cooling (Close Y1) (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**OBSERVE AND RECORD**

- A. Suction pressure \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG
  - B. Discharge pressure \_\_\_\_\_ PSIG
  - C. Entering air temperature \_\_\_\_\_ ° F
  - D. Liquid line temperature at outlet or reheat coil \_\_\_\_\_ ° F
  - E. Confirm correct rotation for compressor (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
  - F. Check for correct ramp-up of outdoor fan motor as condenser coil warms (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
4. Check unit charge per charging chart (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Jumper 32L Motormaster® temperature sensor during this check. Remove jumper when complete.)
5. Switch unit to high-latent mode (sub-cooler) by closing humidistat with Y1 closed (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**OBSERVE**

- A. Reduction in suction pressure (5 to 7 psi expected) (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
  - B. Discharge pressure unchanged (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
  - C. Liquid temperature drops to 50 to 55°F range (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
  - D. LSV solenoid energized (valve closes) (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
6. Switch unit to dehumid (reheat) by opening Y1 (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

**OBSERVE**

- A. Suction pressure increases to normal cooling level
  - B. Discharge pressure decreases (35 to 50 psi) (Limited by Motormaster control)
  - C. Liquid temperature returns to normal cooling level
  - D. LSV solenoid energized (valve closes)
  - E. DSV solenoid energized, valve opens
7. With unit in dehumid mode close W1 compressor and outdoor fan stop; LSV and DSV solenoids de-energized (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
8. Open W1 restore unit to dehumid mode (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
9. Open humidistat input compressor and outdoor fan stop; LSV and DSV solenoids de-energized (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_
10. Restore set-points for thermostat and humidistat (Y/N) \_\_\_\_\_

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE