### Safety Data Sheet



# DuPont<sup>™</sup> Suva<sup>®</sup> 408A Refrigerant

Version 2.0

Revision Date 04/16/2015 Ref. 130000050988

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DuPont<sup>™</sup> Suva<sup>®</sup> 408A Refrigerant Tradename/Synonym : HFC-125/HFC-143a/HCFC-22 BLEND

Product Grade/Type : ASHRAE Refrigerant number designation: R-408A

Product Use : Refrigerant, For professional users only.

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses

Manufacturer/Supplier : DuPont

1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19898 United States of America

Product Information : +1-800-441-7515 (outside the U.S. +1-302-774-1000) Medical Emergency : 1-800-441-3637 (outside the U.S. 1-302-774-1139)

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Label content

Pictogram :





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Signal word : Warning

Hazardous warnings : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous prevention

measures

: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Other hazards

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	75-45-6	47 %
1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)	420-46-2	46 %
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)	354-33-6	7 %

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at

rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.



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Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Treat for frostbite if necessary by

gently warming affected area.

Eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Consult a physician if necessary.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

: Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting,

dizziness or weakness

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,

such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support

should be used with special caution.

#### SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may

still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame

effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to

disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames.



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This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other purposes. Experimental data have also been reported which indicate combustibility of this substance in the presence of certain concentrations of chlorine.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: No applicable data available.

Further information :

: Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire conditions.

Water runoff should be contained and neutralized prior to release.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed

places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures

listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and

national regulations.

Spill Cleanup : Evaporates.

Ventilate area using forced ventilation, especially low or enclosed places

where heavy vapors might collect.

Accidental Release Measures : Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might



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collect. Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling (Personnel) : Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use

sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits.

Handling (Physical Aspects) : The product should not be mixed with air for leak testing or used with air for

any other purpose above atmospheric pressure. Contact with chlorine or

other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.

Dust explosion class : Not applicable

Storage : Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place

unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Keep away from heat. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and

firmly secured to

prevent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where

salt or other corrosive materials are present.

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

Storage period : > 10 yr

Storage temperature : < 52 °C (< 126 °F)

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Refrigerant Concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapor

concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are entering enclosed areas. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be

used in low or enclosed places.



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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Under normal manufacturing conditions, no respiratory protection is required

when using this product.

Hand protection : Additional protection: Impervious gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne

contact with this material.

Protective measures : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release

occurs

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

Chlorodifluoromethane

TLV (ACGIH) 1,000 ppm TWA

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane

AEL \* (DUPONT) 1,000 ppm 8 & 12 hr. TWA

Pentafluoroethane

AEL \* (DUPONT) 1,000 ppm 8 & 12 hr. TWA

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state : gaseous
Form : Liquefied gas
Color : clear, colourless

Odor : slight, ether-like

Odor threshold : No applicable data available.

<sup>\*</sup> AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.



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pH : No applicable data available.

Melting point/range : No applicable data available.

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point/boiling range

-44.6 °C (-48.3 °F)

Flash point : does not flash

Evaporation rate : No applicable data available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Lower explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Vapor pressure : 11,669 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density : 3.1 at 25°C (77°F) and 1013 hPa (Air=1.0)

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: 1.06 at 25 °C (77 °F)

Water solubility : not determined

Solubility(ies) : No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No applicable data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : No applicable data available.

Decomposition temperature : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, kinematic : No applicable data available.

Viscosity : No applicable data available.

% Volatile : 100 %

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY



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Reactivity Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Chemical stability Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Conditions to avoid

Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals, Powdered metals, strong oxidizers Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids, and possibly carbonyl halides., These

materials are toxic and irritating., Avoid contact with decomposition products

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 150000 ppm, Mouse

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC) Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration Skin irritation

: 25000 ppm , Dog

50000 ppm, Dog Cardiac sensitization

Cardiac sensitization

Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the Eye irritation

properties of the substance.

Skin sensitization Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation

Mouse

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not



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carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Experiments showed mutagenic effects in cultured bacterial cells.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed effects on embryo-fetal development at levels

equal to or above those causing maternal toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 175000 mg/m3

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 591000 ppm , Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC)

Skin sensitization

300000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Cardiac sensitization

: 250000 ppm , Dog

: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., human

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat -

gas

NOAEL: > 40000, Method: OECD Test Guideline 413 No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

No effects on or via lactation

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit: 862068.97 mg/m3



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Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 800000 ppm , Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration

Cardiac sensitization

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

: 75000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

: 100000 ppm, Dog

Concentration (LOAEC)

Skin sensitization

: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., human

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Rat

gas

NOAEL: > 50000,

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not

carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Evidence suggests this substance does not cause genetic damage in

cultured mammalian cells.

Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells.

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit: 490000 mg/m3

### Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed



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by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Aquatic Toxicity** 

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

96 h LC50 : Zebra fish 777 mg/l

96 h EC50 : Algae 250 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 433 mg/l

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 40 mg/l OECD Test Guideline

203

96 h ErC50 : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) > 44 mg/l OECD Test

Guideline 201

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 300 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 202

Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)

96 h LC50 : Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 450 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

96 h ErC50 : Algae 142 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

72 h NOEC : Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 13.2 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 980 mg/l

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

**Environmental Fate** 

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

Biodegradability : According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not

readily biodegradable.

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)

Bioaccumulation : Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.



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### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods -

Product

IATA C

**IMDG** 

: Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal,

State/Provincial and Local Regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 1,1,1-

Trifluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2 UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 1,1,1-

Trifluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2 UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 1,1,1-

Trifluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

: Chlorodifluoromethane

PA Right to Know : Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a Regulated Chemical(s) : concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):



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Chlorodifluoromethane

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane,

Chlorodifluoromethane

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<sup>®</sup> DuPont's registered trademark Before use read DuPont's safety information.

For further information contact the local DuPont office or DuPont's nominated distributors.

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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